

AMERICAN TROOPS ON FRENCH SOIL CAPTURE OF LENS COAL CENTER IMMINENT

HAIG POUNDS GERMAN LINES ON WEST FRONT

Teuton Efforts on Aisne and Champagne Lines Directed to Delay Offensive

FRENCH MAKE TWO DRIVES AT HURTEBISE

Program of Entente in Greece Continues to Develop Toward Tangible Results

REJECT PEACE OFFER.

Petrograd, June 27.—A resolution categorically rejecting any move for a separate peace between Germany and Russia has been adopted by the Council of Soldiers' and Workmen's delegates.

The resolution at the same time declares that the restoration of peace at the earliest possible day is the most important need of Russia.

(By Associated Press.)

While General Haig is closing in so closely upon Lens that the capture by the British of that coal mining city and its adjacent fields seems imminent, it is a question whether the British operations will be accompanied by an offensive move by the French on a like scale.

Although there has been more or less constant jockeying for position by the two commanders along the Aisne and Champagne fronts, particularly the former, the German activities appear more like efforts to choke off any possible extended moves by the French than anything else.

Preserve Vantage Point.

On the other hand, General Petain's occasional strokes give the impression that all he is trying to do is to preserve his vantage point as the basis for resuming the French advance at some future time, when that effort seems advisable.

The most important of the recent French drives was that of Monday at Hurtebise, west of Craonne. The Germans seem to have suffered a considerable deprivation here, one of the positions taken being a fortress of some magnitude, which had served the crown prince well as a point of departure for counter attacks.

No further attempts to retake the lost ground at Hurtebise were made last night, the Germans contenting themselves with a spirited bombardment.

Program of Entente.

The program of the Entente in Greece continues to develop more and more tangible. It is now their evident purpose to cause the convocation of parliament of May 31, 1915, which was controlled by Venizelos having a majority favorable to the Entente cause. It was the dissolution of this parliament by Constantine that has been pronounced unconstitutional by the Allies, the act being one of the chief counts of the indictment of Constantine as a betrayer of his people into a desertion of their natural allies.

Recall of German Minister to Norway Was Demanded

London, June 27.—Reports received here from Norway say that the German legation at Christiania formally protested against the breaking of the German official seals on the baggage of Aaron Rantefels, a German, who is among those arrested in connection with the conspiracy to blow up seized ships. The legation demanded the surrender of his trunk, but without success. There is no confirmation of the statement printed in Paris that Germany asks Norway to apologize for the breaking of the seals.

The recall of Germany's minister, Michaelis, is attributed to Norway's insistent demands. He has been succeeded by Admiral Paul von Hintze, former minister to Mexico and China.

DAIRY AND CATTLE MEN MEET IN ANNUAL SESSION

Red Lake Falls, Minn., June 27.—Dairy and cattle men from all sections of Minnesota and eastern North Dakota, together with men representing some of the largest industries and educational institutions in the two states, were present at the first session of the Red River Valley Livestock Producers' association today. It was opened with an address by Mayor Theodore LaSorensen, responses being made by Wesley Walter of Moorhead, president of the Red River valley Development association, who opens his meeting here tomorrow, in the absence of C. Schroeder of Moorhead, president of the Breeders' association.

\$32,000 Mark To Be Made By Red Cross

Subscriptions Continue to Come in to Local Headquarters of Relief Fund

TOTAL TUESDAY EVENING HAD REACHED \$31,141.56

Contributions to the Red Cross continue to come in. The grand total of Bismarck county's fund last evening was \$31,141.56. Several donations reached Bradley Marks, chairman of the chapter today, so that the fund doubtless will reach if not pass the \$32,000 mark.

The Tribune will print the names of all Bismarck county contributions as soon as they are compiled.

City subscriptions and the recapitulation follow, at close of June 26:

Walter W. McMahon	5.00
Geo. Gabel	5.00
Frank Reed	50.00
J. P. Clinton	15.00
A. G. Olson	10.00
R. W. Ensign	10.00
Paul Slattery	10.00
S. D. Dietz	5.00
T. J. Kreutz	5.00
E. Kronschnabel	5.00
K. A. McCord	5.00
H. B. Nelson	5.00
C. C. Smith	5.00
Fred Sear	5.00
E. W. Scott	5.00
Verne J. Stocking	3.00
Harry Snyder	2.50
Wm. Wise	2.50
Donald Snyder	1.00
R. Sheehan	1.00
L. P. Stiver	1.00
S. Schechter	.10
Mrs. Ben Kludt	1.00
Mrs. C. W. Nichols	3.00
Mrs. Thos. Cayou	2.00
Thorwald Thoreson	5.00
Robert Joyce	.50
Mrs. Frances White	5.00
Mrs. Goldader	1.00
M. A. Falconer	10.00
Mrs. Fred Carstens	1.00
Total	\$186.60
Teller township	41.50
Previously reported	21,405.41
Total	\$21,694.51

(Continued on Page Three)

TODAY LAST FOR BOOZE SHIPMENTS FROM TWIN CITIES

Railway Companies Will Accept No Liquor After 6 O'clock This Evening

LOCAL DEMAND NOT SO LARGE AS ANTICIPATED

\$500,000 IN WET GOODS.

St. Paul, Minn., June 27.—A half a million dollars worth of liquor has been shipped into North Dakota from St. Paul mail order liquor houses this month, breaking all previous records, according to dealers here, who were flooded with orders sent by residents of that state to insure their having a supply on hand when the federal statute prohibiting shipments into dry territory becomes effective July 1.

Trains on railroads entering North Dakota have carried extra express cars, necessitated by enormous quantities of whiskey, beer and wine bought in expectation of a long drought. Some days the shipments have been so large that trains were delayed. North Dakotans returning to their homes have carried much liquor, too.

According to E. M. Aberle, a dealer here, the rush is about over, as there hardly remains time now to get an express package to distant points before Sunday. However, telegraphic requests for shipments came today.

A number of St. Paul mail order houses, whose trade was mainly with North Dakotans, will go out of business Saturday. Others are cutting down their list of employees, which has been augmented during the rush.

After 6 o'clock this evening no railway operating between the twin cities and North Dakota points will knowingly accept consignments of liquor for any destination in this state. The order applies to packages presented for shipments by express. The bid on freight liquor traffic was clamped down last Monday.

The express companies and railways have adopted this rule to give them an opportunity to clear all liquor consignments before midnight Saturday, when the bone dry law becomes effective.

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ANTI-SOCIALISTS SEEK TO PURLOIN GRAND OLD PARTY

"Discarded, Disgruntled Political Hacks" Read Out of Republican Ranks

LEMKE CLAIMS HE HAD ONLY NOMINATING RIGHT

Assures Spaulding and Pollock That They Have No Standing in Court

"Old political hacks, discarded, discredited, disgruntled politicians—Jerry Bacon and Treadwell Twichell and Gunder Olson—men who, when they met in Grand Forks a few weeks ago, constituted themselves not as the republican party, but as the anti-socialist union," William Lemke, chairman of the republican state central committee, in supreme court Tuesday afternoon, styled the convention which nominated Oliver B. Burton for congress.

"These gentlemen," said Lemke, referring to Judge Hurlieff F. Spaulding and Attorney R. M. Pollock, "are not in court as representing the republican party, but as the anti-socialist union, attempting to steal the republican party. They are mere strangers to the republican party machine coming in here with no standing whatever."

"How long since, may I ask," said Judge Spaulding, when given an opportunity to reply to Lemke, "has it become a crime or inconsistent with the principles of the republican party to be anti-socialist?"

"I had no intention of that," this political non-script, referring to Lemke, "was to be here in this case today, or I would have come better prepared to reply to him."

Robinson Helps.

At this juncture, Judge Robinson, from the bench, came to his law partner's assistance with some reference to Judge LaMoure.

"I am glad you brought their names in, Judge," said Judge Spaulding. "I think I had as much to do with the overthrow of the old system as a lot of other men. In this court room who sat with their mouths shut, but did nothing, and then cried out like a lot of chumps."

Respects to Baer.

Alluding to Baer's nomination as a republican candidate, he styled the Fargo cartoonist a "democrat, slightly tinged with socialism," and declared: "No member of one party has a right to be a nominee of another party. The meeting which nominated Baer was attended by eight members of an executive committee of 15, of whom two had knowingly and intelligently and advisedly signed the call for the district convention held in Grand Forks. The third member who had signed the call, when he learned what was contemplated at Fargo, withdrew from the meeting and refused to have anything to do with this preposterous effort to foist upon us a democrat tinged with socialism."

Hughes' Affidavit.

In this connection, Judge Spaulding read an affidavit from R. J. Hughes of Wahpeton, member of the state central executive committee from Wahpeton, in which he told of the Fargo meeting, at which four of the eight in attendance were residents of the First district, while two of the chairman and treasurer were not members of the state central committee at all. Of the four committee men from the First district present, Hughes was confident that three of these had signed the call for the Grand Forks convention and was satisfied that the fourth had done likewise. Lemke's call, addressed to Hughes, in which he called attention to the danger that the "old gang" would seize the rejuvenated republican party, also was read by Judge Spaulding.

Questions Argued.

The afternoon was devoted to an argument which is to determine whether Oliver B. Burton of Grand Forks must make the race for congress as an individual candidate, or as the candidate of the republican party; whether Burton, nominated by a district delegate convention, or John M. Baer, who ran on petitions as a non-partisan, but last week was nominated by William Lemke and seven members of the state executive committee, only three of whom were from the First district, is the republican candidate, in the event that the caucus convention system is held legal, lastly, whether under the primary election laws, caucuses and conventions may be held for the nomination of party candidates.

Lemke Letter Surprise.

A surprise was sprung by Judge Spaulding, representing Lemke, when he introduced a letter written by William Lemke, under date of April 23, to Treadwell F. Twichell, committee man, in which the chairman stated that neither the state executive committee of 15 nor the state central committee of 14 had authority to name a candidate for congress in this district.

(Continued on Page Three)

FOOD MEASURE WITH DRY RIDER TO PASS SENATE

Advocates and Opponents Predict Prohibition Features Will Remain in Act

UPPER HOUSE HAS REWRITTEN LEVER BILL

Permits President in His Discretion to Permit Manufacture of Malt Beverages

Washington, June 27.—The senate agriculture committee today gave consideration to its subcommittee's draft of the food control bill, which in its present form, puts up to President Wilson the question of deciding whether the nation shall be "bone dry" during the war. Prospects were that the committee would speedily report the measure to the senate without important modifications.

With drastic prohibition amendments to prohibit the manufacture of beer as well as liquor and giving the president discretion to permit the manufacture of wine only, the administration food bill was agreed on today by the senate agriculture committee and favorably reported as a substitute for the bill now under consideration.

Bill as Rewritten.

The bill, as rewritten after its passage by the house, is believed to be a substitute that will prove acceptable to many senators who opposed the measure in its original form, both advocates and former opponents today predicted its passage in the senate by Saturday.

The house prohibition section absolutely forbade the manufacture of foodstuffs into liquor. The new draft prohibits during the war the manufacture of all alcoholic beverages and empowers the president to commandeer existing supplies of distilled spirits, but would authorize him, in his discretion, to permit manufacture of malted and fermented beverages.

The new section also gives to the president the right to place under government control, iron, steel, fuel, and many other products.

Copper, lead and other products, lumber and timber, are additional articles on which the government control would be extended during the war, according to the senate agricultural committee report today.

GOVERNOR NAMES COMPLETE FIELD HOSPITAL STAFF

Capt. Charles E. Hunt of Valley City Honored—Other Commissions Given

The staff organization of the First North Dakota field hospital was completed by Governor Ferguson today, when he commissioned Capt. Charles E. Hunt of Valley City to be major of medical corps and Ernest Eugene Wands of Lisbon and Charles Ernest Howard of Cogswell to be first lieutenants, field hospital corps.

These commissions were recommended to the governor by the adjutant general several days ago. Captain Hunt, who has been on duty with the Second battalion at Fort Lincoln, now ranks with Major T. S. Patterson. All commissions are to fill new berths. Heretofore the First regiment has maintained only an infirmary, and the field hospital now being organized will be the first for North Dakota national guard as now constituted.

NONPARTISANS BUMPED AT CANADIAN POLLS

Regina, Sask., June 27.—The Liberal sweep Saskatchewan almost clean in yesterday's election and will have more than 50 seats in the legislature.

All the labor independent and non-partisan league candidates were defeated.

WOMAN IN CASE IS TOO WEAK TO TESTIFY

Waukesha, Wis., June 27.—Miss Grace Lusk, the school teacher who shot and killed the wife of Dr. David Roberts, was too weak from self-inflicted bullet wounds to attend the inquest set for this afternoon.

Dr. Roberts was the principal witness.

SECOND CONTINGENT OF AMERICAN TROOPS DISEMBARK AND PREPARE FOR ACTIVE SERVICE ON WEST FRONT

A French Seaport, June 27.—The second contingent of American troops arrived and disembarked this morning.

The troops landed amid the frantic cheers of the people, who had gathered for hours before in anticipation of duplication of yesterday's surprise.

Enthusiasm rose to fever pitch when it was learned that the transport and convoys had successfully passed the submarine zone. The port was speedily beflagged in honor of the occasion.

All recruits now arrived were transferred today to a camp not far distant from this point, where Major General W. J. Sibert is installed. Thence they probably will go soon to a point near the front.

In Excellent Shape.

All the troops are in excellent shape, enthusiastic over the successful trip and their reception and eager for action.

The harbor is dotted with convoys. The streets are filled with soldiers in khaki and bluejackets. Great numbers of trucks are transporting supplies to the camps in which the troops are concentrating.

WASHINGTON JUBILANT.

Washington, June 27.—Cable references to "yesterday's surprise" intimate previous landing of American troops not hitherto mentioned. Successful landing is gratifying to officials here from a military standpoint and from the moral effect in Germany if the news is allowed to become public. All troops sent are regulars, comprising the force which the president directed to proceed to France at the earliest possible time.

General Pershing arranged for their arrival. They will constitute an entirely independent command in France. When they have had preparation behind the lines they will take their place on the battle front and probably soon will be carrying the Stars and Stripes in assaults which rapidly are driving the Germans out of France and Belgium.

CALL FOR MEN MEETS LITTLE RESPONSE HERE

North Dakota Is Fourth in Recruiting Among Five North-western States

APPEAL FOR 70,000 MEN; ONLY 20,000 SECURED

Washington, June 27.—With recruiting week half gone, war department officials estimated today that the regular army still is more than 50,000 short of war time strength, the goal it had been hoped to attain by Friday night. In the face of these returns so far, it is apparent there has been no general response of men of military age to President Wilson's call for 70,000 volunteers to thus complete the first big military preparation in the war.

Undoubtedly the remaining days will see greater activity and officials still hope great gains in recruiting totals will result.

Only nine states are on the honor roll of those which have completed their quota of war volunteers. Only eight others have their quota 75 per cent complete.

The percentages of northwestern states upon the returns up to Monday night follow:

Washington, 64; Minnesota, 62; South Dakota, 51; North Dakota, 39; Wisconsin, 29.

Minnesota Safety Commission Seeks To Bar Debs Address

St. Peter, Minn., June 27.—The Minnesota Public Safety committee has directed that the speaking engagement of Eugene V. Debs, once candidate for president, and a leader in the socialist party, for July 4, here, be canceled, it was announced today by E. C. Davis, member of the local commission, who returned today from St. Paul, where he conferred with the war board. The address was to have been Mr. Debs' first talk since he recovered from a recent illness.

Lightning Kills Milton Man and Injures Another

Milton, N. D., June 27.—William Miller was instantly killed and Ernie Wilcox slightly injured while they stood side by side watching a storm at the Wilcox home. The bolt which cost Miller his life caused Wilcox, standing in the same doorway, no greater discomfort than a slight tingling of the feet.

M'CLUSKY ADDS SCALP ON TURTLE LAKE TEAM

McClusky, N. D., June 27.—The fast Major team, assisted by seven Turtle Lake players, met defeat on the local diamond Sunday, the score being 6 to 1. Rohrer, for the locals, allowed four hits, and the Turtle Lake pitcher for Major, held the locals to only 12 safeties, two of which were home runs. Saturday the local bunch trounced the Martin team for the second time to the tune of only 2 to 2. The McClusky team has lost no games so far this season.

UNITED STATES NAVY HUNTING SUBSEA BASES

British Admiralty Admits Growing Menace of Teuton Submersibles

HAVE INVENTION WHICH SPREADS STEEL NETS

This Has Enabled Enemy to Keep Large Number of Crafts in Service

Providence, R. I., June 27.—The Providence Journal today says: "The United States government is in possession of information which has revived the belief that German U-boats are again on this side of the Atlantic and that they have established a base somewhere off the south side of Cuba."

Preceded by Freighters.

"It is declared by officers of the navy that if this is so these U-boats have either been preceded or followed by one or more mercantile submarines, which have carried extra supplies of torpedoes and oil."

"American warships are conducting a ceaseless search along the suspected shores for any trace of submarine bases."

"The increasing gravity of the U-boat menace is everywhere admitted in the inner circles of the British admiralty. This feeling is based, according to a statement made to the Providence Journal, by a government official, whose knowledge of conditions is unquestioned, on two important facts, neither of which has yet been made public."

"The first of these is that the Germans have succeeded in nullifying the value of the nets which have been used for their destruction by the invention and application of a device. Cuts the Nets."

"This device is a double flange of thin steel, operated on a hinge from the bow of the submarine, and which, by electrically controlled gears, spreads the flanges on either side of the bow to a distance of 18 feet, or 38 feet in all, whenever the nose of a submarine touches an obstruction."

"It is estimated that in the last three months this device has saved a number of submarines from destruction and has enabled the Germans to maintain at sea a greater number of these craft than formerly."

GERMAN SHIPPING IMPROVES.

London, June 27.—A dispatch to The Times from Rotterdam says that German shipping there is steadily increasing. Twenty-two German ships from Hamburg and Baltic ports entered last week. Two German ships were torpedoed or mined by the British, but traffic was unaffected.

TWO TRAINED MEN TO HAVE CHARGE OF Y. M. C. A. AT FT. LINCOLN

State Secretary Arranges for Immediate Establishment of Institution

A. B. Dale of Fargo, state secretary of the Y. M. C. A., visited Fort Lincoln yesterday and made arrangements for the opening of a war Y with two trained men in charge. A building, 35 by 50 feet, formerly used as an indoor target range, will be used for the post Y, which will be opened with as little delay as possible.

Cranks Who Would End War Flock to See the President

Washington, June 27.—Mentally unbalanced by the excitement and horror of the European war, men and women are flocking to Washington with plans to end the conflict, to make war impossible, to solve the submarine problem, the Zeppelins and the gas, which is the terror of the men in the trenches.

Since the first of June, the police have been obliged to arrest 39 persons, a majority of them men, who came to Washington to tell the president how to win the war with Germany.

All of this number were sent to Washington institution for the care of the insane.

DICKINSON BOOTLEGGER IS SOUGHT IN MONTANA

Dickinson, N. D., June 27.—Sheriff T. N. Hartung returned from Blainville, this morning with requisition papers for Bill Pruitt, now in Montana, and who is wanted here on a charge of bootlegging.

NEWS OF NORTH DAKOTA AND NORTHWEST

FRIENDS OF MAN UNDER SENTENCE SEEK NEW TRIAL

Claimed That Nikolaus Wensel
May Not Be Guilty of Hein-
ous Crime Charged

Dickinson, N. D., June 27.—Friends of Nikolaus Wensel, prosperous Stark county farmer, arraigned before Judge Crawford last week on a charge of unnatural conduct toward a 15-year-old daughter, convicted on his own plea and sentenced to from four to 15 years' imprisonment in the state penitentiary, believe that Wensel is being made the victim of a plot. Through their intercession, Wensel has not yet been taken to Bismarck to begin his long sentence, but remains a prisoner in the county jail here. His attorney, Senator M. L. McBride, has made a motion for a new trial, and if this is granted has announced his intention of carrying the case to the supreme court.

There has been trouble between Wensel and his wife for years, friends claim. She has made several efforts to obtain a divorce, they state, and only recently advised neighbors she was determined to leave him. The daughter, who is the complaining witness, is only 12 years old, and the crimes which she alleges have been going on since she was seven, she declares. A medical examination, however, is claimed to have revealed no evidence that she ever was attacked.

Wensel is a thrifty farmer. He has 450 acres in crop this year, and his neighbors, some 20 of whom have appeared to plead in his behalf, regard him a prosperous, worthy citizen. It is claimed that Wensel, through his inability to understand English, and through the confusion incident to his sudden arrest, did not realize the seriousness of the charge to which he pleaded guilty before Judge Crawford, and his friends believe an injustice will have been done if he is committed to prison without a further hearing.

I. W. W. AGITATION FELT IN STRIKE AT JIMTOWN

Jamestown, N. D., June 27.—The first effects of I. W. W. agitation were felt in this vicinity Monday afternoon when 10 concrete men employed by Contractor Curran at the North Dakota state hospital, having charge of construction work on several new buildings there, struck for higher wages. The men were receiving \$3 per day and demanded \$5.50. They were discharged immediately, and today police officials aver that they have all left town. The entire strike was a peaceful affair, according to officials at the state hospital.

TOBACCO HABIT EASILY OVERCOME

A New Yorker, of wide experience, has written a book telling how the tobacco or snuff habit may be easily and quickly banished with delightful benefit. The author, Edward J. Woods, 1423 M. Station E. New York City, will mail his book free on request.

The health improves wonderfully after tobacco craving is conquered. Calmness, tranquil sleep, clear eyes, normal appetite, good digestion, manly vigor, strong memory and a general gain in efficiency are among the many benefits reported. Get rid of that nervous, irritable feeling; no more need of pipe, cigar, cigarette, snuff or chewing tobacco to pacify morbid desire.

Held on Canadian Border as Slacker Escaping Drafting

Granville, N. D., June 27.—Returning from a visit in Canada, Aaron Swenson was detained three days on the border by Canadian officials, who convinced him that he was not a Canadian, seeking to avoid conscription.

Billings County Too Healthy to Have M. D.; Exemption Board Hit

Medora, N. D., June 27.—Because Billings county, of which Medora is the seat, has always been ridiculously healthy, it never has been able to support a doctor. Therefore, when Governor Frazier recently appointed the county physician on his county exemption board it left that body one member shy, for there is no such animal in Billings as a county physician. This fact was brought to the governor's attention yesterday, and he corrected the oversight.

Granville Man Killed In Auto Smash While Returning From Visit

Granville, N. D., June 27.—En route to his home at Barrett, Minn., after a visit with friends here, Andrew Linder, a former well known Granville resident, lost his life in an auto accident at Cuthbert.

Beach Dead Man Came To Life and Continues His Homeward Journey

Beach, N. D., June 27.—Hastening to a point five miles northeast of town in search of a dead man, citizens found Peter Koch lying unconscious by the roadside, as a result of injuries sustained when his team bolted, throwing him from the wagon. Koch was revived, his team captured, and he resumed his homeward journey, little the worse for wear.

DICKINSON PREPARES TO ENTERTAIN LEGAL LIGHTS OF THE STATE

Dickinson, N. D., June 27.—Preparations are being made for the annual meeting of the North Dakota Bar association to be held here August 16 and 17. Dickinson was voted the meeting at a session of the executive committee, R. M. Pollock, president, Fargo; B. T. Cuthbert, Devils Lake, vice president; Oscar J. Seiler, Jamestown, secretary, held in the Gate City.

FARMERS' COMPANY Declares 100 Per Cent Dividend and Has Big Surplus

Medina, N. D., June 27.—After declaring a hundred per cent dividend to stockholders, the Farmers' Elevator company of Medina at its annual meeting retired \$7,000 in profits to its surplus fund. Officers elected for the ensuing year are: John Heupel, president; Ole Anderson, vice president; J. W. Nelson, secretary; Henry Gross, treasurer.

Pembina German's Three Boys to Serve Adopted Fatherland

Pembina, N. D., June 27.—Fred Radke, an old-country German pioneer of Pembina county dares anyone challenge his Americanism. Mr. Radke has three sons in the service of Uncle Sam, one in Co. C, North Dakota national guard, one in the commissary department and one in the medical corps.

ANAMOOSE TO INVEST \$40,000 IN WATER AND SEWER CONSTRUCTION

Improvement Expected to Make
Village One of Best in North-
western North Dakota

Anamoose, N. D., June 27.—At a meeting of the board of trustees held Monday evening, bids for the water works and sewerage were received and contract awarded to the Akin Construction company of Fargo. The consideration in the contract for both water works and sewerage in round figures is about \$40,000. The work is to be commenced immediately and the job to be completed by December 1, 1917.

With the installation of this complete sewerage and water works system Anamoose will be a strictly modern and up to date town. It now has one of the best water ways in the state, well graded and graveled streets and with the construction this year of nearly one mile of sidewalk Anamoose will rank as one of the best improved, cleanest and most prosperous towns in the northwest.

CHUMACK NOW IN JAIL IMPROVING IN HEALTH

Two Richardson Slayings Fellow
Prisoners in County Bastille
—Trial July 31

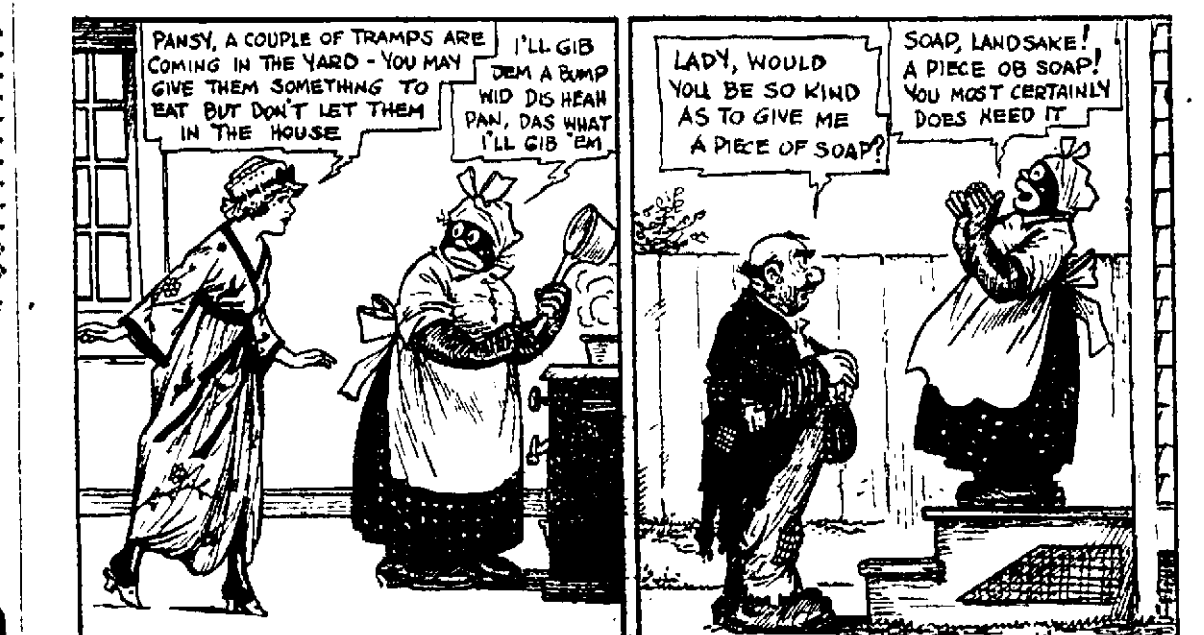
Dickinson, N. D., June 27.—Mike Chumack was removed this week from the hospital to the county jail. He has practically recovered from the effects of his two efforts to commit suicide, and he seems to be in a much better condition mentally. He is being carefully guarded to prevent another attack on his life. Things are not going so well with Adolph Lehman, wealthy Richardson rancher, who occupies another cell in the county jail. All night long a cell-mate says Lehman rolls and tosses, moaning now and again, "O why did I do it? Why did I do it?" Lehman will be arraigned for the murder of Adolph Wetzelstein July 31, the same date upon which Chumack will be placed on trial for the murder of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Caldwell and a criminal assault upon a girl employed in the Caldwell home.

Mr. Adolph Wetzelstein, rivalry for whose affections resulted in the killing of her husband by Lehman, is keeping in the background. She is a grandmother, it is said, old enough to be the mother of either one of her admirers.

FIRST CRIMINAL CASE ON TRIAL AT JIMTOWN

Jamestown, N. D., June 27.—The first criminal case for the June term of district court went on trial here today, being that of the state vs. Oliver Tansett, charged with embezzlement. The state vs. Jacob Fetzer of Medina will be the next criminal case.

DOINGS OF THE DUFFS. By Allman



TO KEEP RECORD OF DIXIE'S VETERANS



MRS. HELEN LONGSTREET

Mrs. Longstreet, widow of the famous confederate general, has been chosen historian of the United Confederate Veterans' association, to preserve in book form the story of the recent confederate reunion and of future reunions. She has written several books on Southern life and was the first woman to hold office in Georgia.

case taken up, Fetzer being charged with rape in the second degree. The complaining witness is Maggy Meyer of near Medina.

DOES HOMESTEADER LOSE RIGHTS WITH HIS SANITY?

Interesting Question to Be De-
cided in Action Begun at
Dickinson

Dickinson, N. D., June 27.—The question of whether a homesteader, through insanity and consequent inability to complete his proving up process, shall forfeit rights to a claim upon which he has legally filed are to be decided in a short time in the case of Roccus Diebert, a former resident of Dickinson, who in 1910 filed on a Dunn county claim and in 1911 was adjudged insane, his insanity believed due to the solitary life which he was forced to lead in his homesteader's shack, and committed to the state hospital for the insane at Jamestown. Some time after Diebert was placed under restraint, his entry was contested by another, who filed on the claim after securing a cancellation of Diebert's rights.

PIONEER IS DEAD Uncle Ed Lunn, Old-Time Mail Carrier, Summoned

Napoleon, N. D., June 27.—"Uncle Ed" Lunn, McIntosh pioneer, who drove the stage and carried the mail from Ashley to Ellendale long before the Soo line was built, and who homesteaded part of the land on which Wishek now is built, is dead at the natural soldiers' home in Milwaukee. Lunn served as deputy

"When you pay more than Fisk prices, you pay for something that does not exist."

No Wonder This Man Smiles!

HE has found a real Non-Skid tire—one of the few tires with tread so constructed that it actually protects against dangers of wet pavements and muddy roads. And the price is fair and right.

FISK TIRES

Standard of Tire Value

THE FISK RUBBER COMPANY
of N. Y.
General Offices: Chicopee Falls, Mass.
BISMARCK BRANCH
206 Main Street
Nearby Branches in Fargo, Minot and Aberdeen

GOVERNOR'S DAUGHTER RUNS RED CROSS TAXI



MISS HAZEL HATFIELD (at door) AND MISS NINA HEWITT, Society girls donned Red Cross uniforms and drove taxicabs for Red Cross benefit in Huntington, W. Va., during Red Cross week. A taxi company gave all receipts for one day to the Red Cross. Miss Hazel Hatfield, daughter of the ex-governor, collected fares as "conductress" of a machine driven by Miss Nina Hewitt, another popular society girl.

sheriff of McIntosh in its early days, was justice of the peace for several decades, and one of the best known citizens of the southern part of the state.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF BALDWIN STATE BANK

at Baldwin, No. Dak., in the State of North Dakota, at the close of business June 20th, 1917:

Resources.	
Loans and discounts	\$125,723.33
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	831.84
Warrants, stocks, tax certificates, claims, etc.	391.84
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	3,439.97
Other real estate	1,657.01
Current expenses, taxes paid, over undivided profits	412.08
Due from other banks	\$4,513.61
Checks and other cash items	1,748.90
Cash	736.42
Total	\$139,455.00

Liabilities.	
Capital stock paid in	\$ 10,000.00
Surplus fund	2,500.00
Individual deposits subject to check	\$32,453.67
Time certificates of deposit	88,329.63
Savings deposit	590.92
Cashier's checks outstanding	529.23
Due to other banks	51.55
Bills payable	5,000.00
Total	\$139,455.00

State of North Dakota, County of Durligh.

I, H. G. Higgins, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

H. G. HIGGINS,
Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 26th day of June, 1917.
(Seal) W. E. LIPS,
Notary Public.

Correct. Attest:
AUG. E. JOHNSON,
KARL KLEIN,
Directors.

The Bank with the Clock

What Is a National Bank?

A National Bank, such as this institution, differs from other banks in that it is organized and conducted under the careful supervision of the United States Government.

National Bank Examiners under the direction of the Comptroller of the Currency keep in touch with the details of this bank's workings and, moreover, strict rules and regulations to insure absolute safety have been laid down by the Government and must be followed.

This is one feature of the unquestioned safety we offer you in placing your account.

The First National Bank

BISMARCK, N. D.

Instead of coffee POSTUM

"There's a Reason"

HALL CONDUCTS NIGHT RAID ON AUTO SLACKERS

Fifty Grand Forks Men Gathered
Into Dragnet of Secretary
of State

The day of reckoning which Secretary of State Hall had been promising auto registration slackers of the Red River valley came last night when Hall with Deputy O. T. Haakson, quietly dropped into Grand Forks on an evening train and without any great amount of fuss proceeded to round up 50 Grand Forks citizens who have been operating unregistered cars. The roundup netted just \$500 in fines. This amount will not help build roads, but will prove acceptable to the public school fund.

The secretary of state slipped out of Bismarck on No. 4 yesterday morning without advising anyone of his destination. His office deputy knew only that the secretary was bound for the northern part of the state. Although technically defendant in supreme court in the action brought by Judge Spalding on behalf of Oliver B. Hurness, Hall's actual presence was not required yesterday.

It is understood that the Grand Forks raid will be followed immediately by similar round-ups in other Red River valley towns. The arrest and fine does not relieve a car owner from the necessity of purchasing a tag, and the procedure proves rather expensive for the slackers.

\$32,000 MARK TO BE MADE BY RED CROSS

(Continued from page one)

Teller Township—	
O. G. Davenport	\$10.00
A. A. Stewart	5.00
James Stewart	5.00
Norman Stewart	2.00
F. A. Teachout	5.00
J. H. Teachout	5.00
W. C. Robinson	5.00
Joe Kershaw	1.00
B. G. Buckley	5.00
Vera Heaton	5.00
Total	\$41.50

RECAPITULATION.

City of Bismarck and vicinity—	
City	\$21,491.71
Britton	154.00
Driscoll	779.00
McKenzie	2,242.50
Sterling	618.00
Menoken	908.50
Wing	1,200.35
Moffit	307.00
Arena	900.00
Commercial Travelers	902.00
State capital	1,438.50
Total	\$31,141.56

TODAY LAST FOR BOOZE SHIPMENTS

(Continued from Page One)

On that date house bill No. 37 goes into effect and this statute, with the Webb-Kenyon federal anti-booze act is being relied upon to make North Dakota very dry. The railways have signified their intention of abiding by these statutes, which means the authorities hereafter will have to cope only with overlanders who seek to smuggle the stuff across the line by motor truck, wagon or other conveyances, or who may seek to bring it up the river. Federal and state authorities plan to co-operate in guarding the border with a view to making smuggling both difficult and expensive.

Only Two Wet Frontiers.

After Saturday North Dakota will have but two wet frontiers, as South Dakota returns to the dry column July 1. A few months later, North Dakota's wet boundaries will be still further reduced by Montana's entrance into the dry ranks. The northern boundary of the state is thoroughly dry through local or provincial option. Even if national prohibition should not be enforced, it is predicted that North Dakota will be completely surrounded by prohibition territory.

within the next year or two, as Minnesota prohibitionists are confident that they can carry their state.

As it is, federal and state officials will have little trouble on the Montana border, as very little liquor ever has come from that source, and the Minnesota frontier is not very extensive and is guarded by a natural barrier which will prove an ally of the law.

Shipments Small.
"Liquor shipments have been smaller than we anticipated," stated local freight agents this morning. "While the amount of stuff brought in has been above normal, it has not approached the extent which was generally predicted."

"Booze business has been mighty heavy during the last two weeks," reported Bismarck express offices. "There's a lot of fellows stocking up, and they haven't taken chances with slow freight shipments."

"I know of a number who have wired in orders today," said one agent. "Orders delivered before 6 o'clock this evening will be accepted by the express companies."

Thirsty ones who have waited until the eleventh hour, believing shipments could be handled up to the closing day, are doomed to disappointment. Now it is even too late to wire.

CITY NEWS

Aberdeen Visitor—Mrs. Ben Eldrich of Aberdeen is spending some time in the city, visiting friends.

To Grand Forks—States Attorney P. E. McCurdy left Monday afternoon for a brief visit in Grand Forks.

Over Mott Line—State Fire Marshal H. L. Reate left this afternoon for a tour of inspection over the Mott line.

Stickney Here—Dr. V. H. Stickney of Dickinson, president of the North Dakota defense council, was in Bismarck yesterday.

Rev. Craig at Jamestown—Rev. R. H. Craig of Dickinson was in Bismarck yesterday, en route to Jamestown, to attend a ministerial conference there.

Railroad Man Here—Edward A. Whitaker, traveling passenger agent of the Northwestern lines, is spending a short time in the capital city on business.

Shopping in City—Mrs. Lucy Miller of Stillwater, Minn., and niece, Lorraine Dews of Ashley, were among the shoppers in the capital city during the week-end.

Rails on Way—Rails for the capital street railway tracks in the business district left St. Paul last Thursday and are expected to reach Bismarck in the course of human events.

McLean County Dry—Judge Nuesle, who returned the end of the week from Washburn, where he had been conducting district court, reports that rains were badly needed north of Bismarck.

Gives Bond—Frank Pinlayson, charged on a bench warrant charging tampering with witnesses, was arraigned late yesterday afternoon, pleaded not guilty, and gave bond in the sum of \$1,000 for his appearance Saturday.

To Address Normal School—Dr. W. J. Hutchison of the McCabe church has received an invitation to deliver two addresses at the summer school of the Ellendale normal and industrial school.

Scouts in Camp—Boy Scouts of troop No. 1 of the First Baptist church with Rev. Bruce E. Jackson left Monday for Painted Woods, where they will enjoy a week in camp. Boys of troop No. 4 held a well attended ice cream festival Monday evening on the lawn of the Evangelical church.

Licensed to Wed—Marriage licenses have been issued during the last few days to Robert L. Odman of Bismarck and Lola E. Moore of Edmore, and to Carl Clinton Moore of Menoken and Ella Christine Dahler of Fergus Falls, Minn. The last named couple were united in marriage by Judge H. C. Bradley.

Woman's Ability to Dissemble.

When a married woman feels unhappy and forlorn and catches some woman, who tried to but didn't get her husband, looking at her she perks up wonderfully and assumes a joyous look which would fool her own mother. —Atchison Globe.

TEACH SOLDIERS HOW TO COOK FREE



A League for Training Army Cooks has been established in New York, with plans to teach soldiers free how to cook. Miss E. Hanks, a league member, is here shown giving a soldier a lesson in cooking.

FARM WOODLOTS BRING RETURNS

Are Important Sources of Revenue to the Owners in Many Instances.

PRODUCTS GROWING IN VALUE

Sales of Wood by Farmers in Eastern States in One Year Exceeded Value of Entire Potato Crop, Says Uncle Sam.

Contrary to general opinion the farm woodlots of the country not only turnish immense amounts of material for local use, but are important sources of supply for timber for the general market, says an expert of Uncle Sam's forest service in a publication of the department of agriculture, on "The Status and Value of Farm Woodlots in the Eastern United States."

Much of the choice hickory, ash and white oak now in use comes from farm woodlots. Many woodlots contain timber every bit as good as that in the larger tracts, and fully as capable of yielding high grade lumber, if properly saved and seasoned. Others have large quantities of pulpwood suitable for paper making, low grade lumber for boxes, bolts for slack and tight cooperage, and excellent material for veneer.

In 1909, it is stated, the farmers of the eastern states alone received from the sale of their woodlot products an average of \$81 for each reporting farm, or nearly \$170,000,000. This was more than the value of the entire potato crop, nearly double that of the tobacco crop, and more than twice that of the combined barley and rye crops. In that year there were more than 143,000,000 acres of farm woodlands in the eastern and central states. This amount was a decrease of about 15 per cent from the figures reported in 1880.

Products Increase in Value.

Where agriculture is in the pioneering state, it is pointed out, the sale of wood very often enables the farmer to tide over the first years during which he has not enough land in cultivation to support him. In later years the woodlot furnishes material for use on the farm and if taken care of may prove a valuable source of revenue. As settlement becomes intensive and the

value of land advances there is a tendency for the area devoted to woodlots to decrease. At the same time woodlot products increase in price and the value of the woodlots themselves is more generally recognized.

Because it is a convenient source of firewood and other material, the highest direct value of the woodlot, it is stated, is to the local communities. The farmers use more of the woodlot products than they sell. Much of the material which is sold is consumed in the neighborhood and many small veneer, cooperage and other wood-working plants derive their entire supply from local woodlots.

It is pointed out that there is every incentive for communities to encourage the development of local woodlots and thereby protect themselves from future timber scarcity and high prices. With proper treatment woodlots can be made to yield a revenue to individual owners, but the nature of the crop is such that ownership of relatively large areas is necessary to insure annual supplies of the various kinds of timber required for local consumption.

Community Ownership Practiced.
Community ownership of woodlands, as already practiced by about sixty cities in the country, will sometimes make available the necessary land. In Lunge community forests have long been established and had good returns on the investment they represent. The Swiss city of Zurich, for example, derives about \$200,000 per year from a woodlot of 2,500 acres.

In addition to the actual money returns the trees on the farm have a value for protection and shelter which will often justify their preservation and care. Both livestock and crops benefit by the protection from hot, drying winds afforded by a woodlot, while in winter even a small woodlot will do much toward increasing the comfort of farm life by breaking the force of cold winds and storms.

Canadian railway unions are solving the high cost of living by co-operative purchasing of provisions.

DES MOINES CONFIRMED AS MOBILIZATION POINT

Washington, June 27.—Des Moines was confirmed today as the site of one of the sixteen national army cantonment sites by Secretary of War Baker, after Major General Barry, commanding the central department, reported that after personal examination of the site he was entirely satisfied of its suitability for military purposes.

Saving "Luxury" Coal.

"For the time being, let's save this 'luxury' coal that goes into amusements and extravaganzas and frivolities. Some American merchants may call this sacrifice, but to my mind it isn't sacrifice at all when we think of the Washington widow whose brave son, member of a United States navy crew, gave up his life when his vessel was torpedoed by the Germans, the first navy victim of the war. Angew, we all have to make sacrifices in times like these.

The largest anthracite operator in the United States expressed himself as entirely puzzled at the present situation of soaring prices in anthracite coal. He knows that the production is as great as it has ever been and can only explain the present situation by saying that it is probably due to the national extravagance of the American householder. Coal he says is being stored by over-anxious and selfish people, disturbing the natural movement of this necessary commodity and unduly increasing the price. Not only does it do this, but it is taking the necessary supply away from the industries that need the coal in the manufacture of material essential to the successful prosecution of the war. In this, too, we must be patriotic and unselfish, with the reward that prices will reach a lower level and we will have enough coal for the proper conduct of the war."

To Attend Conference. A number of prominent Indians from as far west as Montana were in the city Tuesday, en route to Cannonball, where they will attend the annual conference of the Indian Catholic church.

CONSERVATION OF COAL NECESSARY

Waste is Harmful to Essential War Industries, Says National Defense Aid.

SAVING ALSO TO CUT PRICES

Supply is Abundant but Problem is to Get It Out of Ground and Delivered Promptly at the Proper Places.

The pound of coal that you, Mr. Citizen, may save today may contain the last gasp of energy necessary to drive a shell home true to the enemy, and spell victory instead of defeat.

The pounds of coal many Mr. Citizens may save today may forge the shells that may decide the war in favor of a world's democracy.

The pounds of coal many Mr. Citizens may save on many days may hasten the end of the war and save thousands of lives.

This is the statement of Francis S. Peabody, chairman of the National Coal Board, Council of National Defense, in an appeal issued to all the people of the country in an effort to have them conserve in the use of fuel so that there may at all times be a sufficient quantity available for battle ships, the munition factories, the railroads, and all enterprises that are making materials for use in the war.

"It is not that we do not have the coal in this country," continued Mr. Peabody. "Perhaps no country in the world is so blessed with such a superabundance, but it is a question of digging it out of the ground fast enough and having prompt deliveries by the railroads at the places where it is most needed.

"The less coal the householder uses, therefore, the more there will be for the essential industries, the men of which in this industrial war are all soldiers as much as the man who wears a uniform and marches to the front.

Householder Can Save.

"But the householder asks where he comes in. In the first place, in many homes throughout the country he can maintain a less number of coal fires. He can even shorten the number of hours they are in operation. He can see that gas stoves are turned off as soon as the cooking is over. When the weather is cool, he can carry lower temperatures in his home than he has been accustomed to, unless there is illness in the house. A temperature of 60 degrees instead of 70 is sufficient. Then he can operate fewer gas and electric lights and see that they are turned off when not needed or when he leaves the room.

"And this leads to the suggestion that, if ever there were need for the introduction of the proposed daylight-saving act throughout the country, it is now. Begin work an hour earlier and quit an hour earlier. That immediately would take an hour's burden from the street railways, the electric light companies and the electric power companies. The 'owl' car would be an hour earlier. People would be sleeping instead of using lights generated by coal. In compact little England, with daylight saving, they have saved 300,000 tons of coal in a year.

"In time of war the coal wasted in this manner is 'luxury' coal, and that leads to the thought that Americans are the greatest advertisers in the world with their brilliantly-lighted downtown sections of great cities; the mammoth electric advertising signs blaring for miles, and their elaborate 'White Cities,' their Coney Islands and their 'Dreamlands.' It is all very well to be up and doing and pushing your product in a big way in peace times, reflecting much enterprise upon American methods of doing business. But in war time doesn't all this tremendous expenditure of energy from coal mean the use of 'luxury' coal which ought to be stopped from a pure spirit of patriotism?"

Eloquent Fighter.
"Say, that deaf-mute surely can deliver a telling blow," said a bystander, who had been witnessing a little set to at fist-stuffs. "Th. huh. That's probably because he talks with his hands," chimed in another fellow who just managed to duck in time.

Cooking as High Art.

Cooking is a high art. A wise Egyptian said, long ago: "The degree of taste and skill manifested by a nation in the preparation of food may be regarded to a very considerable extent proportioned to its culture and refinement."—Elizabeth Cady Stanton.

CLEARANCE

If clothing were wheat, we'd keep it to sell later, or for our own eating. But while clothes are to wear, we can't keep 'em to wear ourselves, and they don't keep half as well as they wear.

CLEARANCE PRICES

\$18 and \$20 Suits, this year's models and patterns	\$12.00
\$25 and \$30 Suits, this year's models and patterns	\$16.50

Our advertising is really a promise to do something, and, like a promise is a moral obligation that must be made with caution and kept with care.

S. E. Bergeson & Son

Closed Sundays and Evenings except Saturdays

MAJOR WRIGHT JOINED BY FAMILY NOW HAS ALL THE COMFORTS OF HOME

Major Dana Wright, in command of 400 men of the Second battalion, N. D. N. G., stationed at Fort Lincoln, has been joined by Mrs. Wright and four kiddies and his mother-in-law, Mrs. J. M. Pearson of Jamestown. Adjutant General Tharalson has loaned the major a piano, and the cheerful officer's quarters lend a touch of home life to the camp.

DICKINSON AND NAPOLEON HAD LIGHT RAIN TUESDAY

Dickinson and Napoleon enjoyed a light rainfall last night. Dickinson registering .08 inch and Napoleon .05. There was a mere trace of rain at Bottineau. Cloudy weather was reported throughout the state today, and more rain seems imminent. Spring wheat generally is reported much improved, except that which was late sown in North Dakota. Wheat is heading out in the central west and the heads are well filled everywhere except in parts of the southwest. In the vicinity of Bismarck crop reports generally are very favorable. Wheat is of a good color. It will begin heading out next week, and a couple of good rains would help a great deal.

SUPT. MOORE DELIVERS ADDRESS BEFORE MASONS

Dr. J. G. Moore, superintendent of the Bismarck district, has returned from Beach, where he delivered the address before the Masons at the special meeting held Sunday to celebrate the 200th anniversary of the organization of modern Masonry. Dr. Moore also spent a short time in Dickinson, where he visited with Rev. C. Nig of the Methodist church of that city. The handsome new church edifice, being erected by the Dickinson congregation is rapidly nearing completion and is expected to be dedicated next fall during the time conference is in session there.

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ANNI-SOCIALISTS SEEK TO PURLOIN GRAND

(Continued from Page One)
The first district. The duty of those committees, their chairman then stated, shortly after the death of Henry T. Helgeson, was merely to run the campaign for their party.

Lemke Not a Member.
"Lemke, himself," followed up Judge Spalding, "is not a member of the republican state committee, and he never undertook to call a meeting of that committee in the first congressional district."

Bronson's Argument.

Harry A. Bronson, assistant attorney general, who represented Secretary of State Hall, made a point of the fact that Hurness had voluntarily procured his nomination by petition, thus signifying his agreement with the opinion of the attorney general and the proclamation of the governor. Bronson claimed that inasmuch as Hurness' name already appears through his own act, in the individual column, he cannot procure the transfer of his name to a party column. He argued that the caucus system of nominating candidates has been forever repealed by law.

The caucus plan he referred to as the "old gang system." He also insisted that the nomination of Hurness was made too late, even were the convention system legal. "Why didn't they get busy in April, when he was dead and everybody knew he was dead?" shouted the excited prosecutor.

He insisted that the legally constituted head of the republican organization has made a nomination which the court must accept as final if it finds the convention system legal.

Tells of League Victory.

Lemke devoted his arguments largely to a story of how the Non-partisan league a year ago captured the republican organization and made him chairman, and how the old guard has sought to undermine the organization. He told how full power was given to the organization of the state central committee to an executive committee composed of one member from each judicial district, and how this committee was called together in Fargo and later was nominated as the republican candidate for congress to save the grand old party from the grasping old gang.

When all arguments were concluded, the question as to the date upon which a decision must be rendered was taken up, and it was agreed that this decision should be down not later than Saturday. Both sides were given another day in which to file memoranda briefs.

The McConkey Commercial Co.

510 Broadway Phone 209

Men's and Boy's Specials This Week

This week we are paying special attention to Men's wear the entire week and boy scout goods the latter part of the week.

Men's shoes, strength and comfort; prices low as possible to give and furnish the quality desired.

Unceadn Elk (for comfort and wear)	\$3 60
Kangaroo Kip Bloucher	\$5 00
Chocolate Bokide	\$6 50
Vici Kid	\$6 75
Gun Metal Calf	\$6 00

Men's light and medium weight underwear, shirts, collars, ties and handkerchiefs.

Special for boys the last half of the week.

The McConkey Commercial Co.

510 Broadway Phone 209

WEST POINTERS DO IT THIS WAY FOR NEATNESS; TRY IT ON YOUR SUNDAY BEST



Here's how West Pointers get it in white. It's this way for neatness. A special emblem is worn. The emblem is down in the center. When an unbecoming time comes the emblem is then on the trousers in this fashion.

To Attend Conference. A number of prominent Indians from as far west as Montana were in the city Tuesday, en route to Cannonball, where they will attend the annual conference of the Indian Catholic church.

"IF ALL THE TIME YOU HAVE BEEN WORKING COULD BE MEASURED BY THE DOLLARS YOU HAVE IN THE BANK.... HOW LONG HAVE YOU WORKED?"

Your best partner is your Bank Account and in addition to that you should make a Bank your friend. Many folks are under the impression that certain qualifications are necessary to open a bank account. We don't know of any but ambition, determination and a little money and we cordially invite you to consult us on the subject of saving. We invite you to open an account with us now.

FIRST GUARANTY BANK

Capitalization, \$50,000.00.

212 Fourth Street Bismarck, N. D.

4 per cent Paid on Savings 5 per cent on Certificates of Deposits 6 or 12 months.

F. A. Lahr, Pres. E. V. Lahr, Cashier.

THE TRIBUNE
Entered at the Postoffice, Bismarck, N. D., as Second Class Matter.
ISSUED EVERY DAY EXCEPT SUNDAY
SUBSCRIPTION RATES PAYABLE IN ADVANCE
Daily, by mail or carrier, per month \$1.50
Daily, by mail, one year in North Dakota 4.00
Daily, by mail in North Dakota, three months 1.25
Daily, by mail outside of North Dakota, one year 6.00
Daily, by mail outside of North Dakota, three months 1.50
Weekly, by mail, per year 1.50
G. LOGAN PAYNE COMPANY
Special Foreign Representative
NEW YORK, Fifth Ave. Bldg. CHICAGO, Marquette Bldg. BOSTON, 4 Winter St. DETROIT, Kresge Bldg. MINNEAPOLIS, 210 Lumber Exchange
Member Audit Bureau of Circulation
THE STATE'S OLDEST NEWSPAPER (Established 1872)

WEATHER REPORT
for 24 hours ending at noon June 27
Temperature at 7 a. m. 59
Temperature at noon 77
Highest yesterday 77
Lowest yesterday 47
Lowest last night 48
Precipitation None
Highest wind velocity 20-SE

Forecast.
For North Dakota Generally fair tonight and Thursday, not much change in temperature
Lowest Temperatures:
Fargo 50
Williston 52
Grand Forks 50
Pierre 58
St. Paul 50
Winnipeg 52
Helena 52
Chicago 62
Swift Current 46
Kansas City 66
San Francisco 48
ORRIS W. ROBERTS,
Meteorologist

DEMOCRACY TRUE TO FORM.
There is more than usual cause for rejoicing among Americans in the action taken by the National Council of Soldiers' and Workmen's delegates in Russia, voting unanimously for an immediate offensive against the Germans.

Here is democracy running true to form.
Americans of ultra pacifist type have been fond of extolling the virtues of the Russian revolutionaries. Especially has this been so in the East. Among these people there was not a little satisfaction over the early Russian hesitancy on the battle front and accounts of inter-trench fraternization were received joyously by them.

But now the Russian democracy is hitting its stride. The local council at Petrograd isn't running the whole show any more.
The plain people of all Russia are in control. In national delegate assembly they have voted unanimously to begin offensive action at once.
This means all Russia is united, even the most ardent ultrarevolutionaries joining in the big war move. The Russian government today is admittedly the most revolutionary on earth. In all, it is the most radical. And it is representative of the plain people of Russia.

Where does this leave those American radicals who have been howling against war? Those upon whom they have looked as the leaders of revolutionary purity have shown themselves capable of understanding the big world issues at stake and have headed straight for the solution. On with the war! they have said.

This splendid decision of the Russian democracy should put the quietus on the mistaken zealots in America who have misled the road to democracy and gone off on a tangent calculated, innocently perhaps, to be of most help to the kaiser.
In Russia democracy is running true to form. It is a fine lesson for the shouting little minority in America.

"Oh, what a lie!" writes one of our readers. "The British can never be starved into giving up their navy and, hence, invasion of the United States is impossible." Sure, if the British navy doesn't have to eat.

TO ARMS! TO ARMS!
Maybe we should have interfered when Belgium was vilely and treacherously outraged. Maybe the Lusitania was cause enough. Maybe repeated violation of our sea rights would alone have justified us. Maybe preservation of world wide democracy is the highest of ideals.

Our conscience is clean, but today, at this writing, rises an appeal to American hearts that justifies and glorifies the sword that's in our hand as nothing else can, unless America is a nation of cowards and ingrates.

France is dying.
Why are we a nation of freemen? Why are we not autocracy's "subjects"? Why are we not a dominion, a province, the slave of divine rights? Why are we now able to aspire to such blessings as equality, liberty and justice? Why is our country ours?
Go back over the years of history and you find the answer—France! That answer is written in the bloody footprints of freezing Frenchmen of Valley Forge. It is thundered by the guns of Admiral De Grasse. It is chronicled in the sacrifice and deadly risk of the common folk of France, who put their savings into bread and

powder that America might free herself and live free, that you and I of today might have the unalienable rights of liberty, justice, equality, pursuit of happiness and worship of God as we see Him.
As we were dying, so France is dying. And France, alone of all the world, failed us not!
Turn back in your history to one of the last acts of that king whose head democracy got. There is a conference of Louis XVI and four of his cabinet members. The question discussed is, Shall France help the American revolutionists? The decision is a unanimous, No! Why not? We will tell why not.

First, it would not be seemly in autocracy. Secondly, look at the risk! The Americans have little powder, few guns, no navy and no factories, with mighty England against them. Think of autocracy voting Yes on such an enterprise for the promotion of democracy!
And the condition of the enterprise grew more desperate, steadily. In all New England there were only 17,000 pounds of powder. Those old Revolutionary heroes melted up the works of their clocks, the dishes of their kitchens to make bullets. They tore up their Bibles to make cartridges. Bunker Hill was fought on an allowance of one gill of powder, 15 balls and a flint to the man. Franklin suggested bows and arrows. Washington, in his despair, talked of national migration to the unknown wilderness west of the Alleghenies.

We were dying, and with us the hope of all that our God-given mission for humanity meant. Liberty was starving. Justice was holding out her wrists for the shackles. Equality was a fugitive.

Then rose the common folk of France and reversed the decision of their king. From their savings they sent dying America eight cargoes of powder and ball in one six months of 1776. They hired for us trained officers. They braved England and sent us armies of Rochambeau, the battle ships of De Grasse. They bled and died with us in the swamps of South Carolina and on the frozen reaches of Champlain. They looked on George Washington's perishing armies and said, "Here are our millions of savings, here our soldiers and ships, here our La Fayette, our Pulaski, Beaumarchais, De Kalb and Von Steuben. Rescue! Live, America!"

And now France is dying. Invaded by brutal, greedy autocracy, she has given her all, her money, her men, her boys, her women—her all, but it is not enough. From now on, she loses strength which she cannot restore. The gaps in her defense she cannot fill. There are no more frances in her cupboards. Her gray-haired men and boys in the trenches are her last. The wolf growls about her threshold. Another winter of agony, the last, approaches her, and she will have nothing.

France is dying.
We have money; billions of it. We have men; millions of them. We have more power to rescue them than the Almighty ever before entrusted to any nation.
Americans, shall France die? With complete power to save, shall we take our place in history as the vilest crowd of ingrates since the Crucifixion?

Democracy? Yes.
Rights on the seas? Yes.
But we owe France more. We owe her our national existence, our possession of rights of liberty, equality and justice. When we were dying, she alone of all Christendom came to us, raised our despairing head, strengthened our exhausted arm, sacrificed for us, dared for us, saved us.

She dies. She dies, in the time of our plenty. Shame to us, eternal shame, if we fall her by a dollar or a drop of blood!

We want something, at once, over France to represent our heart, as well as our hand. We want, over in France, a red-blooded American; an American who'll fill his pipe with red tape before he'll hesitate to fight, an American with the courageous impulsiveness of a Frenchman and the bulldog tenacity of a Yankee; an American who sits not, but sits a ways, an American who typifies courage, action and wholehearted sympathy. We want Roosevelt over in France, right away. If he can't be given an army, give him a club. He'll not be ten minutes on French soil before all France will know that we won't let her die, before the nation that rescued us will glow with certainty of our willingness and power to pay our enormous debt, more than a century old.

Sixty thousand New Yorkers "hit the trail" during Billy Sunday's campaign. About one per cent of New York's sinners, if we're figuring it right.

Immorality so rampant at Newport that Secretary Daniels has to interpose in behalf of naval recruits. Oh dear! It can't be fashionable New port! Must be some other port.
Farmers of North Dakota, before accepting the socialist doctrine, just remember that one of the car-

To Arms, To Arms!

UNCLE WOODROW WANTS 70,000 MEN FOR THE REGULAR ARMY BY JULY 1st

dinal socialistic principles is hostile to the individual distribution of land. It must belong to the state, just as the elevators and other agencies of distribution.

Do you want to surrender title to your land and become tenants of the state?

Eight hundred girls reported missing from their New York homes since January 1. It's thought that many of them have gone wrong because too pretty to work and too proud to stay with mother.

Berlin editors mourn "the spoliation of Greece." It sure hurt's one's feelings to have the other fellow grab the jam pot away from one.

"I have heard with wrath of the infamous outrage committed upon you," wrote Wilhelm to Constantine. You see, Constantine is his brother-in-law and had been kicked, awful where it hurt. Still, Wilhelm ought to feel glad to have friends in the family who can sure tell him how it feels.

Save \$6 to \$13.50 on your suit. See ad of S. E. Bergeson & Son.

BIDS WANTED.
Sealed bids will be received up to noon July 10, 1917, for the erection of a one-story brick bank building by the Farmers State bank of Richardson, N. D.
Specifications to be had upon request. 6-27-28-29-30-7-2-3

NOTICE TO CITIZENS OF BISMARCK CONCERNING REMOVAL OF GARBAGE

On June 12, 1917, the City Commission let a contract for garbage removal.

You are required to provide your selves with metal covered garbage receptacles. You must keep these garbage cans in a place where they can be reached easily by the collectors. The health of the community demands that all garbage be collected regularly and we ask that you cooperate with the city in making this collection a success. The ordinance further provides that any violation is punishable by a fine of not less than \$5 and not more than \$25. Have your cans ready for the collector when he calls.

C. L. BURTON,
City Auditor.
(6-18, 20, 22, 25, 27, 29)

NOTICE TO PROPERTY OWNERS IN THE CITY OF BISMARCK.
Notice is hereby given that the City Board of Equalization will be in session Wednesday, Thursday and Friday (June 27, 28 and 29th, 1917), from 9:00 a. m. to 11:30 a. m., for the purpose of considering any protests and adjusting any grievances which you may have regarding your assessment for 1917.
Dated this 26th day of June, 1917.
C. L. BURTON,
City Auditor.
(6-26, 27, 28)

Buck's Objection.
Buck Kilby says his objection to the apartment house is that it does away with the privacy of the family quarrel—Trepka Capital.

GRAIN MARKETS

MINNEAPOLIS.

No. 1 hard	250	@255
No. 1 northern	240	@250
No. 2 northern	230	@240
No. 3 wheat	205	@230
No. 2 hard Mont.	237	@240
No. 3 yellow corn	167 1/2	@168 1/2
No. 3 yellow corn to arr	163 1/2	@164 1/2
Corn, other grades	152	@168
No. 4 yellow corn to arr	160	
No. 2 white Mont.	70 1/2	@71 1/2
No. 3 white oats	65 1/2	@66 1/2
No. 3 white oats to arr.	64 1/2	@65 1/2
No. 4 white oats	64 1/2	@66 1/2
Barley	88	@125
Barley, choice	125	@130
Rye	223	@225
Rye to arr	215	
Flax	294	@300
Flax to arr	294	@300
July	230	
September	177 1/2	

Close 1:45 p. m.

DULUTH.

July	237	
No. 1 hard on trk.	238	
No. 1 northern on trk.	237	
No. 2 northern on trk.	232	
No. 1 spot durum	214	
No. 2 spot durum	209	
July	214	
Oats on trk.	64 1/2	@67 1/2
Rye on trk.	218	@220
Barley on trk.	80	@130
Flax on trk and to arr.	296	
October	280	
July	296	
September	295	
High July	244	
Low July	237	

Close 1:48 p. m.

CATTLE MARKETS

ST. PAUL.
HOGS—Receipts, 4,600. Market, 10 to 20c lower. Range, \$14.25 to \$15.25; bulk, \$14.50 to \$14.75.
CATTLE—Receipts, 2,000. Killers, 10c lower. Steers, \$7.00 to \$12.60.

The Great American Home!

THE GREAT AMERICAN HOME!

Learn Some French Today
FIFTH LESSON
PREPARED BY MME. ARCHINARD

Bring me a pitcher of water and two glasses.
Apportez-moi une carafe d'eau et deux verres.
Aportay mwa un karahf doh ey doh vair.

I shall take a cup of coffee and some toast.
Je prendrai une tasse de café et des roties beurrées.
Zhuh prawn'drey un tahr dub kafay ey day rotas buhray.

You have forgotten the sugar and the cream.
Vous avez oublié le sucre et la crème.
Voo zavay oobleey luh sùkr ey la craym.

Bring me a slice of ham and two fried eggs.
Apportez-moi aussi une tranche de jambonneau, deux œufs sur le plat.
Aportay mwa chsee un tranchish dahshahshbaoh wech doh zoh sùrr luh plah.

Bring me the bill.
Apportez-moi l'addition.
Aportay mwa lahdeasyon.

In these lessons the English phrase appears in the first line, the French equivalent in the second line, and the pronunciation in the third line.
In the pronunciation key, straight lines over the letters, A and U, denote the long sound, as in "hate" and "dude"; curved lines over these letters indicate the short sound, as in "cat" and "but"; two dots over the U indicate a sound somewhat similar to the German "ue," which Americans may approach by trying to pronounce long U and long E at the same time.

Among subjects of future lessons will be the French slang that the soldiers of our sister republic use in the trenches.

cows and heifers, \$7.25 to \$10.50;	\$10.00; cows and heifers, \$5.75 to
calves, steady, at \$5.15 to \$14.00;	\$11.80; calves, \$11.50 to \$15.75.
stockers and feeders, mostly 50c lower	SHEEP—Receipts, 16,000. Market,
than for the week, at \$5.00 to	weak. Wethers, \$9.00 to \$11.85;
\$8.75.	lambs, \$11.00 to \$16.50; springs, \$14.00
SHEEP—Receipts, 200. Market,	to \$18.60.
steady. Lambs, \$7.00 to \$13.50; weth-	
ers, \$7.00 to \$10.25; ewes, \$5.00 to	
\$9.50.	

CHICAGO.
HOGS—Receipts, 30,000. Market, weak. Bulk, \$14.70 to \$15.80; light, \$14.10 to \$15.25; mixed, \$14.45 to \$15.75; heavy, \$14.30 to \$15.55; rough, \$14.40 to \$14.55; pigs, \$11.00 to \$14.20.
CATTLE—Receipts, 2,100. Market, weak. Native beef steers, \$8.80 to \$13.90; stockers and feeders, \$6.50 to

Charter No. 9622, Reserve District No. 9.
REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE

City National Bank
at Bismarck, in the State of North Dakota, at the close of business June 30th, 1917.

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts	\$ 850,077.13
Total loans	\$ 850,077.13
DEDUCT:	
Notes and bills rediscounted (other than bank acceptances sold)	\$42,260.67
Overdrafts unsecured	\$584.70
U. S. Bonds (other than Liberty Bonds of 1917)	
U. S. Bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	\$ 50,000.00
U. S. Bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged to secure U. S. deposits, par value	10,000.00
Total U. S. Bonds (other than Liberty Bonds) and certificates of indebtedness	60,000.00
Payment on account subscription for Liberty loan bonds	260.00
Bonds, Securities, etc.	
Securities other than U. S. Bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged	17,391.28
Total bonds, securities, etc.	17,391.28
Stock of federal reserve bank (50 per cent of subscription)	2,400.00
Furniture and fixtures	5,000.00
Real estate owned other than banking house	29,895.43
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in New York, Chicago and St. Louis	3,403.29
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	59,811.23
Net amount due from banks and bankers	63,314.52
Exchanges for clearing house	99,978.85
Outside checks and other cash items	5,736.37
Fractional currency, nickels and cents	7,732.50
Notes of other national banks	281.71
Federal reserve notes	8,014.21
Notes of other national banks	1,430.00
Lawful reserve in vault and net amount due from Federal Reserve Bank	4,400.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer	80,802.47
	2,500.00
Total	\$ 1,189,023.29
LIABILITIES	
Capital stock paid in	\$ 50,000.00
Surplus fund	30,000.00
Undivided unprofits	\$ 35,722.80
Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid	33,552.34
Circulating notes outstanding	3,170.46
Net amount due to banks or bankers	50,000.00
Demand Deposits Subject to Check:	214,984.46
Individual deposits subject to check	327,715.77
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed)	137,041.19
Certified checks	124.75
Cashiers' checks outstanding	206.70
Total demand deposits subject to reserve, \$465,038.40	
Time Deposits subject to Reserve:	
Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed)	338,706.25
Other time deposits	25,842.14
Total time deposits subject to reserve, \$364,548.39	
United States Deposits not subject to reserve:	
United States deposits, including deposits of U. S. disbursing officers	11,231.58
Total of U. S. deposits not subject to reserve	\$ 11,231.58
Total	\$ 1,189,023.29
Liabilities for rediscounts, including those with Federal Reserve bank	\$ 42,260.67
Total contingent liabilities	\$ 42,260.67

State of North Dakota, County of Burleigh—ss.
I, J. A. Graham, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
J. A. GRAHAM, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 26th day of June, 1917.
MELVIN G. HAGEN, Notary Public.
My commission expires August 8, 1920.
Correct—Attest
P. C. REMINGTON,
B. C. MARKS,
G. F. DULLAM,
Directors.

SOCIETY

DAINTY GOWN



By BETY BROWN.

New York, June 27.—The day of the popular old reliable dollar gown is passing. Today one finds the \$2 gown in the shops, with occasional special assortments at \$1.50.

Whatever the price, the sleeveless effect is considered extremely smart as a gown idea. If not entirely sleeveless, the shoulder is finished with a sleeve frill or a short cap.

CITY NEWS

From Pierre—F. H. Beacom of Pierre, S. D., is in the city on a business mission.

At Lakes—H. H. Steele has joined his family at Big Pine Lake, Minn., for a few days' fishing.

Devils Lake Educator—Nelson Sawvain of Devils Lake, superintendent of schools, and son are in the city.

Express Chief Here—W. S. Hay of St. Paul, superintendent of the Northern Express company, is looking after business matters at the capital.

Material Here—Material is arriving for the large addition to its freight sheds, which increasing business has made necessary for the Northern Pacific.

Leave for Chicago—Mr. and Mrs. G. M. House of Dodge were in the city for a short sojourn before leaving for Chicago for a visit.

Visiting Brother Here—C. A. Myron of Abercrombie, has arrived in the city for a short visit with his brother, P. W. Myron of the Hull Tractor company.

Called by Brother's Death—Register of Deaths G. J. Keenan has gone to Mankato, Minn. where he has been called by the death of his brother, S. F. Keenan.

Hackney Here—William R. Hackney of St. Paul, connected with the extensive Hackney ranch and other land interests at McKenzie, is here, looking over his property.

Visits Husband Here—Mrs. Olson, wife of O. F. Olson, transportation officer of the Northern Pacific, has arrived in the city and has joined her husband, who has his headquarters at the McKenzie.

Ohlsen Returns—O. H. Ohlsen, special representative of the Northern Pacific and the American Railway association, has returned from a brief eastern visit and is accompanied by Mrs. Ohlsen.



The loveliest of the negligees suggest intricately draped wraps rather than bodice attire. Straight widths of broad lace go to the making of a two-banded negligee which is most attractive. The lower flounce is at-

Announcing the FIRST of a Series of THURSDAY Sales

which will continue thruout the Summer Months.

In this space you will find our ad every week, describing and offering of practical staple and seasonable merchandise at considerably reduced prices. Sales will not be mentioned here, rather some necessities will be substantially reduced for the one day only.

Watch this Space Every Week

Middy and Bungalow Aprons Purchase Especially for This Sale

The assortment includes a wide range of colors and size, and in values up to \$2.25. Thursday 98c

LIQUID VENEER

25c size 15c
50c size 33c
Furniture Basement
Limit two bottles of either size to a customer.

ARTIFICIAL SILK HOSE 27c

We offer an exceptional value in Ladies' Artificial Silk Boot Hose, 12 inch boot of Artificial Silk, lisle top and heel, sole and toe. Both Black and White, all sizes Regular 50c a pair, for Thursday's Sale for 27c

BED SPREADS

The Bed Spreads that we offer on this Thursday's Sale are an interesting item for easy saving. Plain hemmed cut corners woven, satin finish Bed Spreads, size 75x90 inches, good weight. Regular \$3.75. Thursday's Special Price each \$2.98

Escalloped Cut corners. Satin Spread, woven Marcell pattern, size 75x90 inches. Regular \$4.25. Thursday's Special Price, each \$3.29

Escalloped cut corner bed spread of Seersucker, light and easily laundered, size 63x90 inches, for a three-quarter bed. Regular \$2.50. Special for Thursday's Sale, each \$1.89

LADIES COLLARS

Of Crepe de Chine, Georgette Crepe, Khaki-Kool, Silk and Voile, white and colors, in the newest shapes and designs. We have just received the lot from the manufacturer and we are opening it for this sale. ONE DAY ONLY at a price of 20 per cent off from the prices you will pay tomorrow.

Wirthmore Waists are always \$1.00 yet they are always a Bargain.

No Telephone or Messenger Orders

A. W. LUCAS CO.

Always More Bargains Than Advertised.

Mary Pickford Here In "Less Than Dust"

No announcement will be received with more interest and more real delight than that which brings the news that Mary Pickford is to be seen here in her newest picture, "Less Than Dust." It is always an event when the famous little star is the attraction at the Auditorium and tomorrow evening when the engagement opens here, Mary Pickford's host of admirers plan to make it the red letter day of all her screen visits to this city. In "Less Than Dust," which was written by Hector Turnbull, Miss Pickford will have the largest and most elaborate production of her career and it is the work of her own film company. The Mary Pickford Film Corporation. It will present her in an other character which will soon win the great popularity given to her creations of the past. John Emerson has given the picture a masterly direction. In "Less Than Dust" Mary Pickford will be seen as a little castaway orphan of English birth who is deserted and alone, becomes like to the natives and dwells among the lowest caste of the Hindoos. At the opening of the story a rebellion caused by some dispute over the sacred rites of the people and their abuse by the provincial government, is in progress, the natives and soldiers of the British garrison being in conflict. Radha, the girl portrayed by Miss Pickford, has been adopted by a sword maker. During the warfare that she meets Cap-

tain Richard Townsend of the local garrison. She is greatly impressed by him and looks up to the soldier as an exalted person. In a later scene when the little girl in her playful and innocent way, falls into the sacred waters of the pool at the temple, she is charged with desecration and is attacked by an infuriated mob of fanatical natives. Captain Townsend arrives on the scene and saves her.

KINTYRE

The Kintyre Literary Club will meet Friday evening, June 29. Everyone is welcome. The contractors are at work on

structing the new bank and Mrs. Sisco house.

Mrs. Sisco is in Braddock with her daughter, Mrs. Barton. The Kintyre Ladies Aid will meet with Mrs. Gustave Swenson, Friday, July 6, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. The John Meunies family have returned to Minneapolis recently.

The Roy Towne family went through Kintyre Sunday on the way to White Tail, Mont., where they will cross the border to visit the Parsons and Ralph Towne families. Mr. and Mrs. Liverage and small daughter started for Minnesota Monday. They will visit relatives in Minnesota. Several men are buying scrap iron in Kintyre.

The Paying Investment.

No man can afford to invest his being in anything lower than faith, hope, love—these three, the greatest of which is love.—Henry Ward Beecher.

SHINOLA

is more than Shoe Polish

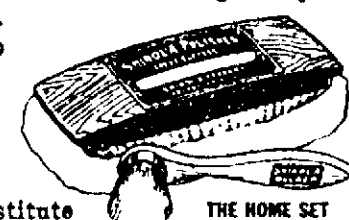
It is composed of wax and oils so combined as to give a brilliant, lasting shine and to soften and preserve the leather.

THE SHINOLA HOME SET

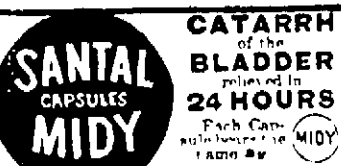
The handiest, most efficient shoe shining set you can buy at any price. Sold at a nominal cost to SHINOLA users.

FOR HOME, GRIP OR AUTOMOBILE

BLACK—TAN—WHITE
At all Dealers—Take no substitute



THE HOME SET



CATARRH OF BLADDER relieved in 24 HOURS
SANTAL MIDY
Each Capsule contains 1/2 grain of Santal Midy
Prepared by J. B. Williams & Co., New York

Farewell Party Given For Capital City Girls

The Misses Esther Taylor and Leta Hendershott were hostesses last evening at a farewell party given in honor of Miss Irma Logan and Miss Verna Wright, who leave Bismarck for the summer.

During the first part of the evening the guests were entertained in the home of the latter in Avenue B, where luncheon was served. This was supplemented by a slumber party and breakfast this morning, in the home of Miss Taylor in Seventh street. Miss Logan spends the summer at various lake points in Minnesota and Miss Wright goes to Zap to make her home.

Camp Fire Girls in Camp. Members of the Tintapa Camp Fire girls have gone to Avery Lake, near Washburn, for a week's outing. Miss Marshall, director of the camp, is chaperoning the girls.

Twin Daughters. The birth of twin daughters to Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Beshe of Thirteenth street, Monday evening, has been announced. Mother and daughters are getting along nicely.

Returns from East. Mrs. Robert Orr and daughter, Miss Orr, of Avenue A, have returned from Minneapolis, where they have been sojourning since Miss Orr's return from Washington, D. C., where she attended the Wilson-Greene school of music.

To Sew For Red Cross. The ladies of St. Mary's pro-cathedral will meet Thursday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, in the Commercial club room, to sew on Red Cross articles. The afternoon will be spent in sewing bathrobes for the section.

To Join D. A. R. Mrs. L. E. Maynard of Avenue A will go to Fargo Thursday, where she will join the Fargo chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution. Mrs. Maynard will be entertained while there by prominent D. A. R. women.

Entertains S. S. Class. Miss Ruthella Taylor entertained the boys of her Sunday school class of the McCabe church Monday evening, at the home of her parents, Rev. and Mrs. J. M. Taylor, in Seventh street. Various games formed the amusements and luncheon was served. The class is composed of 10 boys.

Guild to Sew for Red Cross. Members of St. George's guild of St. George's Episcopal church will meet at the Red Cross headquarters in the domestic science room of the high school to sew articles for the Bismarck section. A large representation of the members are expected to attend.

Leaves For Eastern Home. Miss Edna Hyre, who has been the guest of her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. F. O. Helstrom of Fifth street, left today for her home in Lawrence, Kan. Miss Hyre, who has been teaching in the Seattle schools, was accompanied as far as Fargo by Mrs. Helstrom and daughter, Miss Mildred.

To Reside Here. Judge Luther Birdzell of the supreme court will leave the last of the week for Grand Forks, to arrange to move his family here. Judge Birdzell has purchased the residence of John A. Graham, in Sixth and Rosser streets, and next week will occupy same. The Birdzell family consists of Mrs. Birdzell, two sons and one daughter, of school age, and one 6-months-old daughter. The Birdzells are socially prominent in Grand Forks.

Soldiers Enjoy Program. Soldiers stationed at Fort Lincoln enjoyed the musical and literary program given Tuesday evening by a number of capital city people. Nearly 300 people from the city also listened to the well arranged program, which was given by Mr. and Mrs. Conrad B. Taylor, Mrs. J. A. Larson, Lieut. C. E. Hunt, Dr. J. H. Moore, George Humphreys, vocalists; Miss Helen Fisk, pianist; Miss Lucken and Miss Waters, readers. The entertainers were given quite an ovation.

Entertains for Daughter. Mrs. L. E. Maynard entertained this afternoon at her home on Avenue A at a charmingly appointed children's party in honor of the thirteenth birthday anniversary of her daughter, Josephine. Twelve little neighborhood girls were guests. Games were the diversion and a birthday luncheon was

Is there any logic in buying something claimed to be as good as the ORIGINAL Dandruff Germ Destroyer? Insist upon HERPICIDE

Applications at the better barber shops. Guaranteed by The Herpicide Co. Sold Everywhere

SAVE MONEY

Buy or rent that extra piece of furniture you need of me. NEW and SECOND HAND FURNITURE of the better kind in stock. Having purchased the entire stock of the

CAPITOL ART CO.

am prepared to do all kinds of picture framing at a reasonable price.

When you want something see GEO. W. LITTLE

New and Secondhand Furniture Hotel Annex Bldg., 508 Broadway

MASONIC MEETING. Theo. Koffel, the W. M., announces there will be a regular meeting of Bismarck lodge, No. 5, A. F. & A. M., Monday evening, July 2, 1934, when the M. M. degree will be conferred. Dinner will be served in the temple that evening.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS. A regular meeting of St. Elmo lodge No. 4, Knights of Pythias will be held in the Castle hall this evening at 8 o'clock. Every member urged to attend as business of importance is to be discussed.

Save \$4 to \$13.50 on your suit. See ad of S. E. Bergeson & Son

SCOOP THE CUB REPORTER



The Boss Is a Wise Anti-Buglist

By 'Hop'

BASEBALL SCORES

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.				
Club	W.	L.	Pct.	
Indianapolis	11	21	.347	
St. Paul	14	28	.338	
Columbus	16	31	.342	
Louisville	16	32	.337	
Kansas City	29	32	.476	
Toledo	27	31	.466	
Milwaukee	27	36	.429	
Minneapolis	27	37	.423	

GAMES THURSDAY
 Kansas City 6, Indianapolis 2
 Minneapolis 7, Columbus 2
 Milwaukee 2, Toledo 1
 St. Paul-Louisville not scheduled

GAMES THURSDAY
 Columbus at Minneapolis
 Toledo at Milwaukee
 Indianapolis at Kansas City
 Louisville at St. Paul

AMERICAN LEAGUE.				
Club	W.	L.	Pct.	
Chicago	19	21	.476	
Boston	17	23	.429	
New York	15	21	.417	
Detroit	20	27	.426	
Cleveland	12	32	.273	
Washington	12	26	.309	
St. Louis	13	27	.326	
Philadelphia	19	37	.339	

GAMES THURSDAY
 Washington 1, Boston 2
 New York 7, Philadelphia 6
 Cleveland 5, St. Louis 2
 Detroit 3, Chicago 2-4

GAMES THURSDAY
 Washington at Philadelphia
 New York at Boston
 St. Louis at Cleveland
 Detroit at Chicago

NATIONAL LEAGUE.				
Club	W.	L.	Pct.	
Philadelphia	25	21	.543	
New York	24	21	.529	
Chicago	27	29	.483	
St. Louis	21	29	.419	
Cincinnati	22	35	.387	
Brooklyn	24	39	.379	
Boston	22	41	.348	
Pittsburgh	19	37	.339	

GAMES THURSDAY
 Cincinnati 6, Pittsburgh 5
 New York 4, Philadelphia 3-6
 Boston 7, Brooklyn 4
 St. Louis 6, Chicago 5-8

GAMES THURSDAY
 Boston at New York
 Philadelphia at Brooklyn
 Cincinnati at Pittsburgh
 Chicago at St. Louis

SPORT CHATTER

All right, Benny, we're waiting. Doesn't make much difference, navy, army or marine corps, but for heavy en's sake, get busy.

Chinese ballplayer beat a shortstop out of his job in Maryland. That



shortstop probably knows what the yellow peril means now.

Cy Falkenberg got two hits the other day, a double and triple. He may now claim the honor of being the hardest hitting string man in the league.

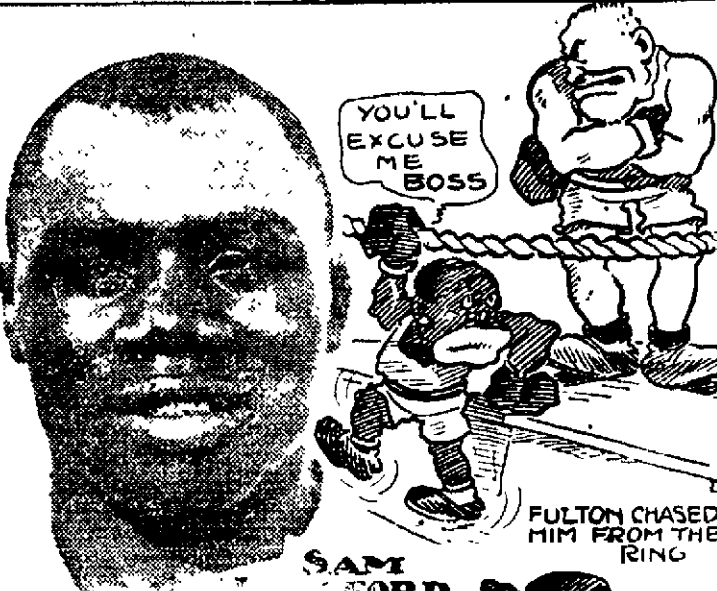
The American league looks more natural this year with Ty Cobb out in the batting lead.

Eleven Black, a racehorse named after a roulette number, will be lucky if it doesn't finish as seldom as its namesake wags.

Jesse Willard might make a hit at

THAM

CHAMPION OF SAM McVEY AND JOE JEANNETTE, TERROR OF CHEFS, QUITS FOR FIRST TIME



By PAUL PURMAN.

This is an eulogy to the memory of Sam Langford, heavyweight champion of Sam McVey and Joe Jeannette. Tham, the broad-smiling, bay-windowed, chocolate-colored fighter lost his smile, his nerve and his agility down at Boston the other night and for the first time in his gay old life climbed through the ropes of the ring and told his seconds to throw in the sponge.

"Ah guess ah knows when ah got enuff," Tham commented as the verdict was awarded to the Minnesota stringbean, Fred Fulton.

Has Tham retired?

Well, if he has, he made no public announcement of that historic event and if he has Sam McVey and Joe Jeannette will either have to go back moving pianos or starve to death, for Tham was the best meal ticket in the world for Sam and Joe, and Joe and Sam were considerable meal tickets for Tham.

Twenty-eight times has Sam met the brethren in the squared circle, Joe 14 times and McVey 14 times. Sam holds the honors for neither of them have ever sent him into dreamland.

Magnates aren't kicking on the emery ball because of changing their minds about the "plumb meanness" of the thing, not at all, it's just as "mean" in their eyes as ever, but they are objecting to the frequency with which they are called upon to provide new balls.

Every time a ball hits the stands or the bleachers or the wall or the screen or the flagpole the ump orders it to the clubhouse and substitutes another.

Now balls that have been pitched only once or twice may be the victims, but it makes no difference to the ump, who orders them out of the game with as much gusto as if they were an obstreperous player.

Charley Conlisky estimates that 20 new balls are being used in every game played at the White Sox park, exclusive of those stolen by spectators. This is about twice the number that used to be used before the emery ball rule came in favor.

The same wall is going up in every big league park that boasts concrete stands.

On account of the increase in price of horsehide and other materials used in making baseballs the losses are particularly heavy this year.

spend their honeymoon in France in the service of the Red Cross.

RED CROSS HONEYMOON FOR DICKINSON TWAIN

and he has scored one knockout over each of them.

In the other 26 meetings he lost to Joe three times and to Sam twice; he won four times from Joe and three times from Sam, he fought two draws with Joe and four with Sam and frisked through four no-decision scraps with each.

Langford's greatest misfortune was his South American tour about a year ago. It came about this way. Langford's greatest indoor sport is getting his feet under a table and wearing out half a dozen waiters. His appetite is one of the wonders of medical societies and the terror of his friends.

When Jack Johnson was champion Langford was considered the only man who had a chance to beat him, but the wily Johnson wouldn't try issues with the gorilla-like Sam.

Funny old happy-go-lucky Sam. It must have been an awful blow to his pride to have to quit to a fighter like Fulton.

who very occasionally invite him to dinner. South America didn't take kindly to the two Sams and Joe when they arrived. Box office receipts were small and the smiling trio went on a war diet. That was the last straw and Tham hustled back to the U. S. A. with his tour half completed.

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MANY RELICS IN NATIONAL MUSEUM

Roles Played by American Patriots in History of Country Are Perpetuated.

MEMENTOS OF WASHINGTON

Uniform and Equipment Used by "The Father of His Country" in Field Among the Most Highly-Prized Exhibits.

The roles played by patriotic Americans in the history of the country are perpetuated in the exhibition halls of the division of history in the United States National museum at Washington, where a large portion of the Arts and Industries building is devoted to the preservation of historical relics. The exhibits are intended to illustrate by an appropriate assemblage of objects, the lives of distinguished personages, important events, and the domestic life of the United States from colonial times to the present day. The collections in these halls are especially rich in relics and mementos of American army and navy officers, and include uniforms, swords, guns, flags, and many other objects which recall the names and services of their illustrious owners.

Probably nothing in all the collections more quickly touches the hearts of true Americans, than certain objects once the property of "The Father of His Country." While composed mostly of household articles, there are also several martial accessories. Conspicuous among these is a pair of gold-embroidered epaulettes worn by Washington when a colonel during the French and Indian war, notably throughout the Braddock campaign in 1755. His Continental army uniform, worn at Annapolis, Md., when he resigned his commission as commander in chief of the Continental army, December 23, 1783, is one of the most highly valued objects in the museum. Another great attraction is the equipment used by him in the field, consisting of his tents with poles and pegs, mess chest and various utensils, his writing case and spy glass.

Life Masks of Lincoln. There are two life masks of Abraham Lincoln, casts of his hands, and a suit of clothing worn by him while president. The museum is fortunate in having a large number of objects pertaining to the life of Gen. U. S. Grant, particularly the gifts he received during his journey around the world on the termination of his presidency. Among these personal relics are several swords, a uniform coat, saddle, canes, epaulettes, medals and commissions.

Paul Revere, famous as the hero of the ride to Lexington and Concord in 1775, and who served as lieutenant colonel of artillery throughout the Revolution, was a silversmith by trade, and the museum has several excellent examples of silversmith's work executed by him.

Continuing with the days of the Revolution and extending through the periods of all our wars, there are in the national collections interesting swords and other objects owned by such men as Alexander Hamilton, John Hancock, Brig. Gen. Peter Gausevoort, Jr., Brig. Gen. Montgomery C. Meigs, Marquis de Lafayette, Count de Rochambeau, Brig. Gen. Thaddeus Kosciuszko, Brig. Gen. Eleazar W. Ripley, Maj. Gen. Jacob Brown, Maj. Gen. John Bankhead Magruder, Maj. Gen. Alexander Macomb, Maj. Gen. George W. Morgan, Brig. Gen. James Shields, Brig. Gen. John Watts de Peyster, Maj. Gen. Winfield Scott Hancock, Maj. Gen. John A. Haldeman, Brig. Gen. William H. Browne, Maj. Gen. James Birdseye Macpherson, and many others.

Relics of John Paul Jones. Nor is the navy lacking in representatives. There is a fine series of relics and mementos starting with John Paul Jones, whose remark, "I have just been to fight," is known to every school boy. One of his flags is exhibited, and a cutlass and musket captured from the "Serapis" in 1779. It was Jones who first carried the Stars and Stripes, then the new flag of America, across the sea. The original "Star Spangled Banner" which inspired Francis Scott Key to write the poem, now our national anthem is displayed in the museum. Commodore Stephen Decatur's sword, is an interesting relic of this remark.



ARMY AVIATOR BRINGS NEW SCOUT PLANE

Visitors to Interstate Fair at Fargo to Be Given Opportunity of Seeing Lieut. Gertson in Flight.

"The Human Night Hawk," as Louis Gertson is familiarly known, comes to the big Interstate Fair direct from the Aviation Section Signal Corps O. R. of the U. S. Army Station at Memphis, Tenn. Gertson was recently presented with the commission of lieutenant, which he rightfully deserved. Besides being all wrapped up in his work and having an eager desire to be of service to his country, Gertson has found time to spare up some likely recruits for the profession which he follows. The government granted him leave of absence in order that he might be able to fill all his exhibition dates, of which he has many, being booked solid for the season, and his new French scout machine will receive its first introduction to the American public. It is the very latest type of a scout war plane. Gertson will be stationed at Ashburn, Ill., a little suburb close to the city limits of Chicago.

able sea fighter who gained distinction in the Tripolitan war, served gallantly in the War of 1812, and forced the Dey of Algiers to renounce all claims of tribute from the United States in 1815. The sword of Commodore James Biddle, distinguished in the War of 1812, is also on exhibition.

A silver service presented to Capt. James Lawrence, after his capture of the British sloop of war "Pensacola" in 1813, is preserved in the museum. Lawrence is better known, however, by his words, "Don't give up the ship," spoken during the Chesapeake's engagement with the Shannon, and Lawrence's last fight. Reminiscent of one of the best-known naval heroes, Admiral David C. Farragut, is the uniform worn by him when, aloft in the rigging of the Hartford at Mobile bay, he exclaimed, "D— the torpedoes, go ahead!" Two cases contain personal relics, mementos, and presents of Rear Admiral Winfield Scott Schley.

WOMEN REPLACE MEN

One Million So Employed, in England, Uncle Sam Finds.

Steps Are Being Taken to Shorten Hours of Work and to Protect Health of the Workers.

The extent to which women have replaced men in industry in Great Britain during the war, the operations which they are required to perform in factories and other lines of endeavor, periods of employment, arrangements for rest and meals, and the physical condition of woman workers, together with a discussion of matters affecting the employment of juveniles, including hours of labor, and supervision of health and welfare, are set forth in a bulletin issued by Uncle Sam's bureau of labor statistics.

It is estimated that since the war began and down to October, 1916, 988,500 women or 30.6 per cent of the number employed in July, 1914, had been drawn into the various governmental, industrial and commercial activities, and that in October, 1916, 833,000 women had directly replaced men in industry. Many of these women are performing operations heretofore considered impossible for them to do. In seeking to conserve the health and thus promote the efficiency of these workers, the health of munition workers committee reached the conclusion that long hours, particularly at night, are, perhaps, the chief factor in fatigue and sleet in the interest of output and health they should be restricted. There should be suitable pauses for rest during the working period and adequate cessation from work at each week end in addition to periodic holidays. The system of three shifts of eight hours appears to yield better results than one shift of 13 to 14 or two shifts of 12 hours each, because "the strain of night work, indeed the strain generally, is sensibly diminished, greater vigor of work is maintained throughout the shift, less time is lost by unpunctuality or illness, and there is less liability to accident." Employers are increasingly recognizing the disadvantages of an overtime system. Well managed industrial concerns, facilities for rest at night, and a high standard of sanitary conditions are essential, for "cleanliness and good order contribute to increased output as well as to the discipline and morale of the factory." Wise and suitable arrangements for the management and supervision of women's labor are regarded as important.

During 1914 the number of women who obtained employment in other districts through the employment exchanges was 32,688; in 1915, 53,390; in 1916, 169,643; indicating the increasing mobility of women's labor due to war conditions.

To maintain the physical well-being of children, opportunities for recreation time for plenty of sleep, rest facilities and the efforts of welfare supervisors are regarded as highly important. Sunday work should be eliminated and children should be employed at night only when other labor cannot be obtained. Employment of boys under sixteen should be restricted to 40 hours per week, it is urged. It should be borne in mind that this limit recommended by the committee expresses their opinion of the maximum which may be permitted to meet the imperative need of necessary military and other supplies in a time of great emergency. It is estimated that 450,000 children at or about the age of fourteen, normally leave the elementary schools annually, and that in 1915 this number was exceeded by about 45,000 with the probability that it is now much greater.

Bottled Tears. In Persia tears are thought to be a remedy for certain chronic diseases. They are collected in sponges at times of sorrow and kept in bottles by the priests. The antiquity of the superstition is attested by the mention of the custom in the Old Testament, Psalms 56:8.

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FOR RENT—Four-room house; electric light and water; \$15 per month. Apply 320 13th St. 6-26-3t

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FOR RENT—Rooms; 309 Eighth St. 6-27-3t

FOR RENT—Two large and two small rooms in modern house, suitable for light housekeeping. No children or dogs allowed. Mrs. E. S. Pierce, 444 Fifth street. 6-27-5t

FOR RENT—Furnished housekeeping rooms, first floor; also secondhand kerosene stove for sale. Varney flats. Phone 773. 6-22-6t

FOR RENT—Large, nicely furnished front room; also use of kitchen. Phone 329R. 6-25-3t

FOR RENT—Unfurnished rooms; for men. Bismarck Realty Co. Bismarck Bank Bldg. 6-16-6t

FOR RENT—Large, strictly modern room. 38 Ave. A. 6-16-6t

FOR RENT—Rooms. Phone 377K. 6-1-1mo

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, 621 Sixth street. 6-13-26t

FOR RENT—Rooms. 300 9th St. 6-7-1mo

FOR RENT—All newly furnished front room in a new bungalow, strictly modern in every way. Phone 698R or call at 611 First street. 5-23-1t

HOUSES WANTED

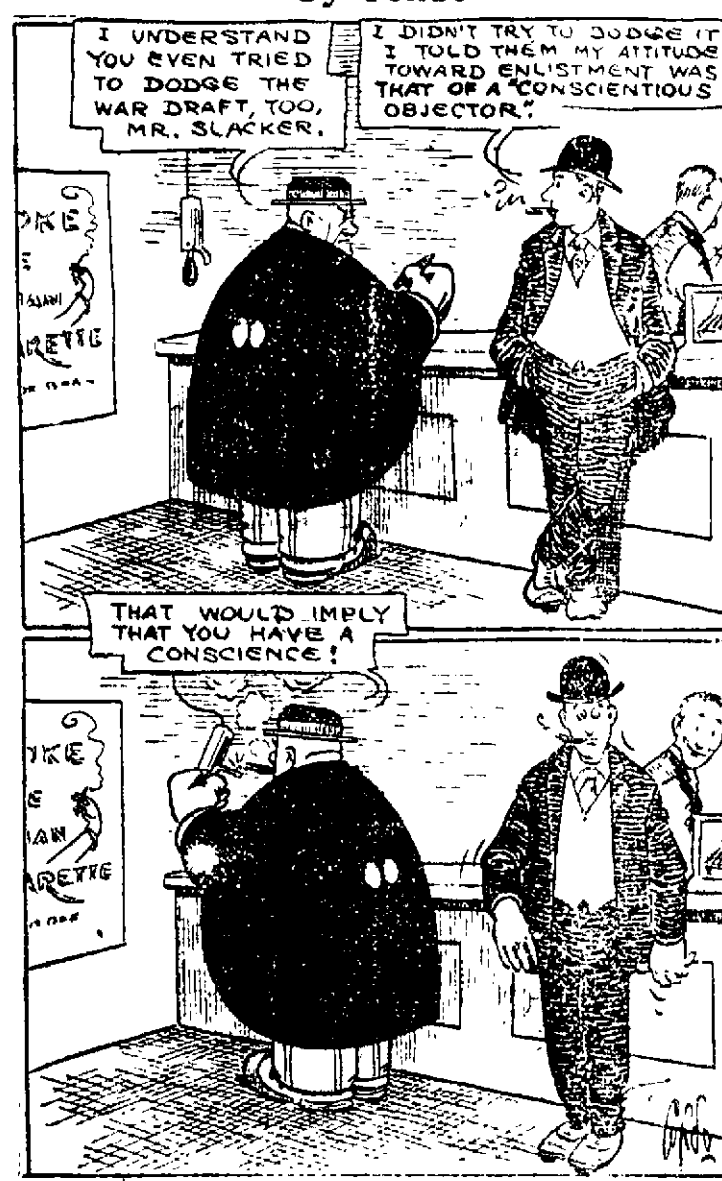
WANTED TO RENT—Five or six-room modern house, by the year. A. H. Welsh, P. O. Box 72, City. 6-26-4t

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The Outbursts of Everett True By Condo



HEALTH IS IMPORTANT

Basis for All Work in Schools, Declare Experts.

Uncle Sam's Agencies Are Working to Extend Sanitary Regulations of Cities of Rural Communities.

The most important element in the education of children is the establishing of good health and right living habits, according to those experts of Uncle Sam's bureau of education who make this their life problem. Half a century ago the attention of those responsible for the care of children in city schools was drawn to these important features of school and life and work, and much has been done, say the experts, in the last two decades for the improvement of the sanitary features of school houses and grounds and for school regimen in cities.

Only recently, however, it is pointed out, has much attention been given to health conditions in country schools; but rural school sanitation is now receiving the attention of several governmental and state agencies. An interesting study of rural school sanitation has recently been completed by the United States public health service in a certain part of the state of Indiana.

It is thought that the conditions found in that locality are, at least in the main, those that exist to a more or less degree in many of the rural schools in the country. For one thing it was found that there is an undue number of one-room rural schools. Among other things it was thought by the officials making the survey that an undue number of old buildings are being utilized which have largely passed the limits of usefulness for educational purposes. Many of these, it is said, were without the proper sanitary facilities and some were even without any water supply. Many had faulty illumination of the classrooms and still others were without adequate classroom equipment; some were improperly heated and poorly ventilated and still others presented evidences of inefficient janitor's service.

The large number of children presenting physical defects of such gravity as to demand specialized medical and surgical attention, say the experts, is an evidence of the need of medical supervision of the school children of the counties in the interests of the child's educational advancement and for the protection of the community health.

The undue number of mentally defective and retarded school children revealed by the study made emphasizes the necessity, say the experts, of the mental classification of the children for the purpose of revealing those who are in need of institutional or individualized treatment.

CUBA IS BEST SHOE MARKET

Offers Greatest Possibilities of Any Country in World for American Manufacturers, It Is Said.

Cuba is at present the best market in the world for American footwear, says a report on the subject just published by Uncle Sam's bureau of foreign and domestic commerce. Although the climate is tropical, very few even of the poorest natives go without footwear of some kind, and the per capita consumption of shoes is therefore very heavy. Over 80 per cent of the business is done by American firms, as there is no competition

from local manufacturers and not any of great importance from Europe.

In spite of America's strong position in the market, however, the author of the report, Special Agent Herman G. Brock, asserts that there are many ways in which our hold on the market can be strengthened, as there are a number of features in the Cuban trade not well understood by the American manufacturer.

SAVE YOUR BOTTLES IS CRY

Uncle Sam's Home-Canning Specialists Say They Can Be Used in Place of Regular Jars.

Home-canning specialists of Uncle Sam's department of agriculture urge every housekeeper to save bottles—especially wide-necked ones—for putting up fruits, preserves, jellies, jams, and fruit juices. Saving of bottles is highly important, they say, as there threatens to be a serious shortage of regular jars and preserving cans this season.

The fruit products named, if sealed with corks and paraffin, can be kept perfectly in these makeshift containers. Jellies, jams, and preserves can be kept even in ordinary drinking glasses, by the use of paper and paraffin. Fruit juices should be packed in ordinary small-necked bottles.

The specialists are also urging all members of canning clubs and others not only to can products, but to dry and evaporate all such products as apples, pumpkins and squash. They advise strongly that if containers are scarce locally, those in stock should be used to preserve perishable products which have the highest nutritive value. Nothing should be packed in jars or cans which can be conserved effectively in other ways.

Candy containers or other glass jars with screw tops or glass stoppers, and in fact any receptacle of glass, crockery or porcelain, can be sealed with cork or paper and paraffin. Large tin canisters or tin cans with removable covers, provided the body of the container is air and water-tight, will be found useful in canning certain fruit products. Such containers can be sterilized and their covers hermetically sealed in place with solder or wax.

No Bullet Holes There.

The state of South Carolina bears the figure of an exact pear tree. This common fruit of the pear family is a British fruit. In the month of June 28, 1776, by a primitive fortification made of logs, the British did not get into the state of South Carolina. The perforation made by a bullet does not.

Did It Appeal to Him.

Thomas had a hole in his hat, but was not certain what to do with it. The hat was a favorite one and he did not want to part with it. He went to the amusements and his fellow customers.

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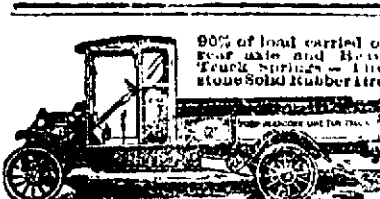
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WAR LEGISLATION HAS BOOZE ON RUN

Nation Wide Prohibition or Drastic Reform of Liquor Traffic Seems
Certain, Liquor Men Troubled

By L. HARPER LEECH
Washington D. C. June 27.—No brewer's vat or distiller's mash tub ever held a more yeasty mixture than the political stew which now simmers in the cauldron of war legislation. Second only to the war itself in interest it has brought about some strange line ups and has often threatened the whole plan of war legislation.

Zealous dries and fearful wets have sought to hitch their pet schemes on to most of the war bills in the form of amendments. The selective army bill only passed after a fierce struggle over the liquor amendments. The dries won a partial victory in this fight and procured rigorous rules banishing liquor sellers from the neighborhood of army camps and prohibiting the sale of drink to officers, soldiers or sailors.

The passage of the food bill and the war revenue bill are being delayed by similar struggles. The liquor question has been injected into both. Several amendments to the food bill have been offered all of which aim to cut off the distillers and brewers grain supply.

Dry advocates quickly seized the strategic advantage presented by the food shortage and raised the cry of "Booze or Bread." It has been effective. All over the country people are asking why food should be destroyed to make men drunk.

The Anti-Saloon league is pouring in petitions on congress from every cross road church and every city Bible class demanding that the making of booze shall cease for the period of the war.

The administration food bill—the Hoover bill—proposes to leave the whole thing to the food administrator. Undoubtedly the only chance the liquor men have to escape the complete cutting off of their supplies is to support this bill and secure its passage in unamended form.

Hoover's plan probably will be to stop the making of whiskey and distilled liquors and to cut the production of beer two thirds

or one half—also to limit brewing to barley a grain not much used for human food. The waste products of brewing barely are valuable for dairy cattle.

A resolution for a constitutional amendment establishing permanent nation wide prohibition has been favorably reported by the senate judiciary committee but even if passed it probably would not be ratified by the states until after the war.

Liquor men are not only threatened with the loss of their grain through the passage of the food bill but also face total extinction if certain amendments are tacked on to the war revenue bill. As passed by the house that bill laid very heavy taxes on whiskey and beer. The senate committee which has been picking the house bill to pieces is considering drastic taxes on grain used for brewing or distilling. One amendment proposed taxes as high as \$20 per bushel. Beer made from grain paying such a tax would cost as much as the rare perfumes which are sold by the spoonful.

The levy of such a tax would force the brewers to make near beer exclusively. Many of them are already embarking into this business on a large scale and some breweries today are selling more of the temperance drink in the dry counties than beer in the wet cities.

The outstanding feature of the whole situation is that the political power of the liquor interests is smashed. Accustomed to dictate they are now begging. Their fate is in the hands of the professional politician class with whom they have been bound up for half a century. That class is notoriously quick to pick a winner—and a loser.

The inevitable result will be that out of the present confusion will come radical measures dealing with the drink question. The saloon has few days of grace left to it. The war is hastening the solution of the problem one way or another.

Nation wide prohibition or drastic reform of the liquor business is now a matter of months—not years.

DON'T FAIL TO SEE MARY PICKFORD



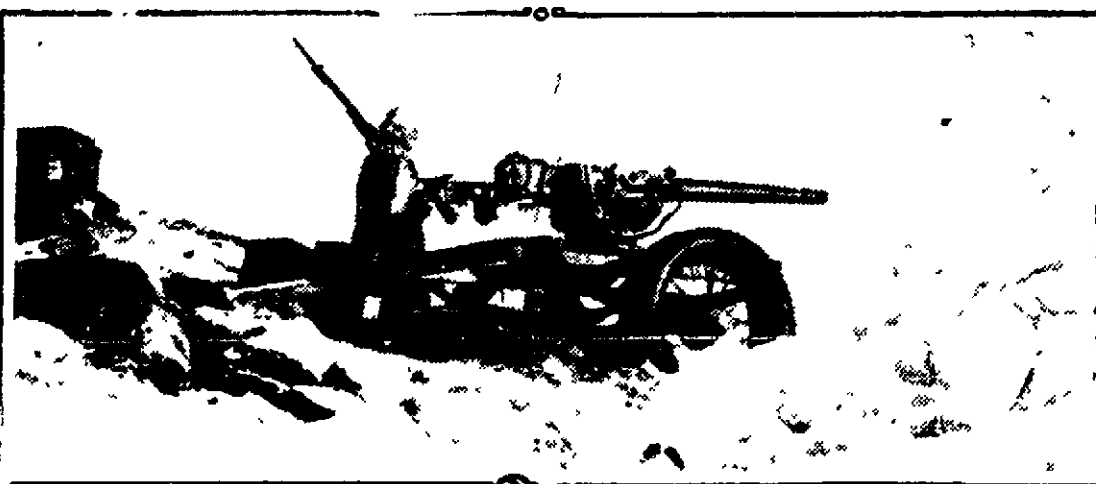
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FIRST PICTURE OF BRITISH SOLDIERS IN RUSSIA



This is the first picture to arrive in this country showing part of the British expeditionary force at the Russian front. The guard here shown is one of the artillery corps stationed high in the mountains of Galicia, where the Tommies have found fighting harder than on the French front.

FROM FARM TO TABLE

Better Methods of Using the Parcel Post Are Sought.

Uncle Sam's Experts Trying to Work Out New Ways of Transporting Agricultural Products.

Officials of Uncle Sam's department of agriculture, who have striven long to bring the producer and consumer together for the sale of farm products, are now trying to work out better methods of transportation.

Although the marketing of farm produce by parcel post is relatively new in the United States, it is, in fact, only a special case of direct dealing between producer and consumer, which was the very earliest type of marketing. Only the transportation medium is new in parcel-post trading. This is to a certain extent paralleled by express, which has been available and has been utilized by some farmers for many years. Even with the older forms of direct dealing, in which sales are made from house to house or through farmers' markets, parcel-post marketing has points in common in that the actual producer of the goods is known to the consumer of them, and the satisfaction or dissatisfaction of the latter has a direct and potent effect on the success of the former's business.

Quite naturally in spite of these general similarities many new problems in the marketing of farm products were created when the mail system was made available for transportation of relatively bulky commodities, all post offices and rural routes thereby being made shipping agencies. This was in striking contrast to the facilities furnished by the older transportation systems, which the farmer could use only by making a trip to a railroad or express office. Many of the problems, a great many of which still exist, have been attacked by the office of markets of the department, which has made its work hundreds of experimental shipments of various commodities over varying distances under different seasonal and other conditions and has studied methods of grading and packing and of transacting business.

Success in parcel post marketing, experts of the office have found during their studies demands that the farmer continue to give thought to details after proper preparation of his goods for shipment. The mere placing of the packages in the mails at any time is not sufficient, they say. Mail schedules should be carefully looked into and the commodities should be started on their journey, if possible, so that they will travel chiefly at night and reach their destination early the following day. Such methods, it is said, have been worked out by the farmers who are carrying on the most successful businesses with the city people. Commodities traveling at night thus utilize natural refrigeration, since the nights are usually colder than the days. It is especially important it is pointed out that such precautions be taken in the shipments of products like butter or lard, which may be liquefied by heat, and dressed fowls and other meats, which may spoil if they become warm.

REDUCED CREAM RATE SCHEDULE ORDERED IN EFFECT FIRST OF JULY

New Schedule of Tariffs Designed to Help North Dakota Creameries

Effective July 1, a substantially reduced schedule of interstate cream rates will be placed in effect by order of the North Dakota railway commission. The new rates will range from 18 cents for a 10-mile haul of a 10-gallon can to 55 cents for a 400-mile haul, as compared with rates of 27 cents to 55 cents now in effect on the Great Northern and Northern Pacific covering the same business, and a rate running from 19 cents to 50 cents on the Soo Line.

Wisconsin now enjoys a scale of 16 to 44 cents on hauls from 10 miles to 200 miles, and Minnesota's schedule runs from 19 cents to 50 cents. North Dakota's new cream rate is one of the lowest in the west. May 1, 1916, the Northern and Great Northern express companies filed new tariffs, based on the Beatrice and Cobb interstate commerce commission findings, which fixed a comparatively high short haul and a low long haul.

Early this year the State Dairy men's association protested against these rates on the ground that they favored the long haul centralizer creamery at the expense of the inter-plant A. late-week hearing was held at Minn. on April 3 and each side was given an opportunity to present its case. As a result of this hearing, the commission has just issued an order making a reduced scale of rates lowering both the short and the long haul effective July 1.

CONFERENCE ON ENGINEERING

Deans Babcock and Keene of the engineering departments of the university and the agricultural college, respectively, were here this week in conference with Commissioner of Education Craighead relative to the correlation of the work of these two institutions in engineering.

NEW CORPORATIONS

Charters were issued today to the German Evangelical Lutheran Zion congregation of Mercer, McLean county. Fred Fischer, Fred Just and Fred

Laib, directors, and to the Methodist Episcopal church of McGregor, V. A. Hulberg, Mabel Giger and Ruth Anderson, directors.

RAILWAY APPEALS

The Great Northern has appealed to the supreme court from the judgment of the Ramsey county district court in which Robert Sauer, a machinist apprentice in the company's shops at Devils Lake, recovered \$2,200 damages for the loss of a hand in the gears of a wheel-turning lathe.

JEWELERS TO SAVE PLATINUM

Agree to Use Gold in Its Place Wherever Possible to Conserve Supply for Government.

In order to conserve the supply of platinum, for which Uncle Sam may have great need in prosecution of war, the jewelers' vigilance committee issued an appeal to the jewelry trade of the country to discontinue the use of the metal wherever possible. The committee asked all manufacturing and retail jewelers in the country to discourage the manufacture and sale of platinum in all bulky and heavy pieces of jewelry and its use in all parts of jewelry where it is not essential, and where gold will serve satisfactorily.

The committee urged the jewelry trade to encourage the use of gold in combination with platinum wherever artistic results may be obtained by such a combination.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

WANTED—Girl in dining room as waitress. Mandarin cafe, 215 Fifth street. 6-27-3t

WANTED—Girl to assist in housework and care for two-year-old baby. Mrs. R. C. Battey, 514 First street. Phone 491. 6-27-3t

To the Wife of One Who Drinks

I have an important confidential message for you. It will come in a plain envelope. How to conquer the liquor habit in three days and make home happy. Wonderful, safe, lasting, reliable, inexpensive method, guaranteed. Write to Edw. J. Woods, 1423 N. Station E. New York, N. Y. Show this to others.

FRAZIER KNOWS NOTHING OF ANY STATE BOARDS

Chief Executive Has Had No Advice of Appointment of Exemption Committee

"County exemption boards were named some time ago. I have had no advice from Washington of any other boards, nor do I know anything of them," said Governor Frazier this afternoon when asked whether he had received notice from Washington of the appointment of a state exemption board for North Dakota. Yesterday's Associated Press dispatches were to the effect that these boards had been named and that they would be announced from the state capital. Adjutant General Tharalson was not in any better position than the governor to volunteer information on the subject. The impression at military headquarters was that a member of the state exemption board was to be named for each federal judicial district.

The appointment is made in Washington, presumably upon recommendation from the governor. The governor, apparently has not been asked to make a recommendation in the present instance. In Chicago Mayor William Hale Thompson was similarly ignored in the making of appointments for exemption boards after the mayor had declined to receive the French commission and in other ways had displayed a lack of patriotism.

County Boards Notified

Official certificates of their appointment as exemption boards were mailed the registration boards in each county today. The personnel of the boards will be the same as June 1 in every instance except two. Billings county, having no resident county physician, will have County Judge C. Gray as the third member of the board, and in Hanson county because County Physician T. S. Patterson is a major in the medical corps, he will be relieved by County Judge Forest S. Thomas.

HEBRON NEWS

Mrs. Katharine Heimberger and Mrs. Victor Dichtennueller and children of Fort Lauderdale, Florida, are visiting relatives here.

Mrs. W. A. Bandel and daughter, Winnifred, left Monday for Spring Grove, Minn., where they will spend the summer.

Mrs. Harry Funk and daughters are visiting relatives in Hebron.

A committee of four ladies has been soliciting membership subscriptions for the Red Cross.

Miss A. Dotson was in the city Wednesday and Thursday selling season tickets for the chautauqua which will be held in Hebron July 2, 3 and 4.

A "hard times" dance was held in the hall Friday night, which was very largely attended. The music furnished by the Wang orchestra was enjoyed by all.

Corporal Edwin Raber of the First Minnesota Infantry returned to St. Cloud on Tuesday after a short furlough spent at home.

Mrs. W. D. Richardson and three daughters arrived from Columbus, O., recently and will spend the summer here.

Tent Meetings Near Auditorium Draws Big Crowds



EVANGELIST MATHEWS.

The revival campaign now being conducted by Evangelist J. B. Mathews is being well attended, and considerable interest is being manifested. The evangelist is a powerful speaker and delivers a plain and straightforward message each evening, at 7:45 and on Sundays, at 3:00 p. m. A hearty welcome is extended by the committee of arrangements to visit the big tent, located beside the City Auditorium.

here. They have taken up their residence in the Chas. Wehmer house. Jacob Schmalenberger, accompanied by Dr. H. A. Brandes, left Tuesday for Rochester, Minn., where he will undergo treatment for heart trouble. Mrs. K. G. Watters of Superior, Wis., is visiting her sons, John and Ernest. Rev. A. Debus and Conrad Klick returned Wednesday from attending the Evangelical Synod of North America held at Rochester, Minn.

Adam Byers, R. Krenz, A. G. Koerberstein, Tony Neidhardt, W. Schroeder and F. Hartmann went to New Salem Wednesday to attend a meeting of the Holstein Breeders' circuit. The Hebron Fire and Pressed Brick company was awarded the contract for the brick for the fine new school building to be erected at Drake.

Frank Bovelace has accepted a position as grain buyer for the Occident elevator at Antelope, and is now on the job.

Mrs. Blanche Masters of Bismarck is visiting her parents in Hebron this week.

Mrs. N. M. Woolery visited a week with her son Bert, and family at Dodge, returning Friday.

Miss Elsie Smith arrived Saturday evening from Dickinson to spend the summer vacation with her parents.

C. L. Robertson who is teaching in the summer school in Mandan spent Sunday at home.

Miss Bettina Landon returned Monday from Fargo where she had visited a week with her sister Grace, on her way home from the university.

Save \$6 to \$13 on your suit. See ad of S. E. Bergeson & Son.

WHAT WOMEN CAN DO IN THE WAR

Major General Wood Describes Work of the American Red Cross.

BIG BROTHER OF SERVICES

Army and Navy Cannot Get Along Without It—What the Red Cross Needs—Work to Be Done at Home.

Washington, June 27.—Major Gen. Leonard Wood, U. S. A., is the author of an article just issued in bulletin form by the American Red Cross under the caption "What Women Can Do in the War."

"War," General Wood writes, "brings with it a call to national service for women as well as men. There are two very important ways in which women can help the nation in war."

"(1) By working in industry, thereby releasing men for the front, and (2) by joining the American Red Cross."

"Next to the preparation of munitions and recruiting the army and the navy, the most important step in getting ready for war is to build up a Red Cross organization."

"During the last few years much has been done to prepare the American Red Cross for the nation's call, but preparedness on a large scale cannot be accomplished in peace time. All that can be done is to prepare a skeleton organization capable of expansion in war service, to draft plans of mobilization as any army staff would draft them, and to gather reserve materials and supplies."

"When the call comes the Red Cross must act quickly. It must take care of a vastly increased army and navy. Therefore, its growth must parallel the growth of both branches of the nation's fighting force."

Time for Quick Action.
"The declaration of a state of war with Germany means that the Ameri-

can Red Cross must translate all these plans prepared during peace into action. It must be prepared to supplement the existing facilities of the medical department of the army and the navy and of the Medical Reserve corps.

"Every man and woman owes it as a duty to the country to become a member of the American Red Cross. Membership—it is as low as \$1—should be universal."

"After membership there is opportunity for service with the Red Cross. Every chapter has its workrooms and its auxiliaries. It has trained instructors in the preparation of hospital and surgical supplies needed here and abroad."

"Many chapters have classes in first aid to the wounded, home care of the sick, home dietetics, and in the making of surgical dressings. All of these are at the service of women who wish to aid their country."

"But what the Red Cross does need today is trained women for the work of military relief. The immediate call is for competent nurses. A soldier's life is too precious to risk in unskilled hands. Nurses must largely be drawn from the hospitals of the cities."

"Women must be found to take the places of many nurses in civilian hospitals. To prepare for this emergency the Red Cross has been conducting great training classes for women."

"The functions of the Red Cross, however, go far beyond service in military hospitals. In addition to the department of military relief is the department of civilian relief, equally large and equally important."

"Dependents of fighting men cannot be neglected. Red Cross committees, assisted by expert investigators, take care of children who need aid. The needs of convalescing soldiers from the front will be looked after."

"If the time comes when women must go into industry, the burden of caring for children must be shifted from many mothers. Homes or nurseries must be found for infants. It is the Red Cross that is called upon to meet these emergencies also."

Big Brother of the Services.
"The Red Cross is the big brother of the medical services. The army and navy cannot get along without it. Without it a warring nation is almost helpless for the reason that a nation in time of war is unable to provide an adequate medical organization without civilian aid."

"In no war have there ever been enough nurses and surgeons. As no chain is stronger than its weakest link so no army is stronger than its Red Cross. So clearly is this understood that in time of war the government requires the Red Cross to give all the energies and facilities to the nation, caring for the fighting men and their dependents at home."

"The Red Cross is the only organization authorized by the government to render war relief services. It acts under a charter from the government. Congress passed the act incorporating it. This act made the president its official head and placed representatives of the army and navy on its directing staff."

"In other words, the Red Cross is officially as much a part of the government machinery as the army itself. Despite this official standing, however, the Red Cross must depend upon voluntary service of women and men. It is the great volunteer army that is serving humanity as well as the nation. And it is an army made up largely of women."

Save \$6 to \$13 on your suit. See ad of S. E. Bergeson & Son.

U-BOAT SINKINGS GOING UP AGAIN!

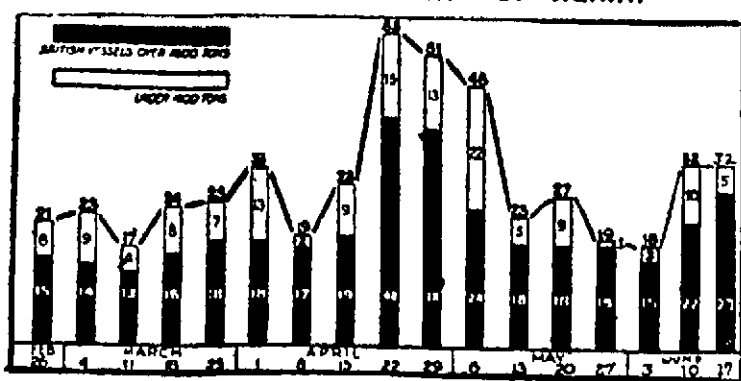


Diagram shows how the German U-boat campaign of ruthless warfare on the Atlantic fared since the last week in February. Sinkings of only British ships are shown, those under 1,000 tons being included in the white area and the larger ships in the black. Sinkings in tonnage appear to be going up now, with the coming of clear calm weather.

WILTON

WANTS
Horse Buyer
FOR THEIR
MARKET DAY
SATURDAY, JUNE 30